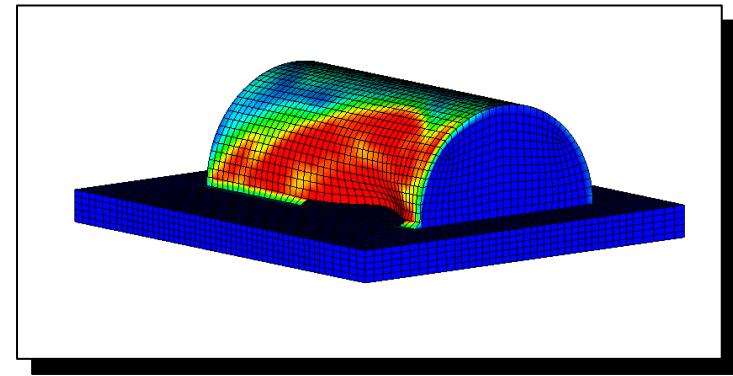
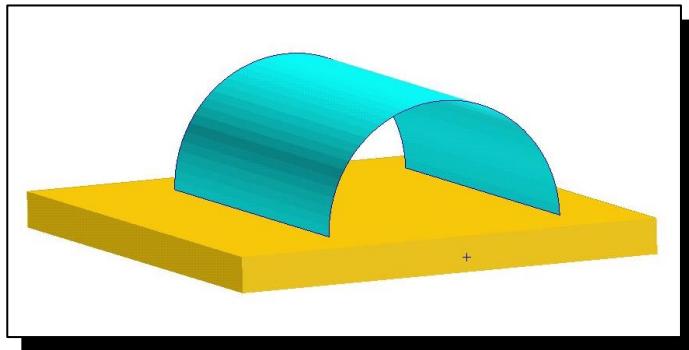


Workshop 12

Bunker Blast



- **Workshop Objectives**

- Define 2 euler regions and connect 2 regions with PORFLCPL.
- Activate interactive failure for shell elements.
- Use 2 order euler solver.

- **Software Version**

- Patran 2019
- Dytran 2019

- **Files Required**

- geo.dat

- **Unit**

- inch/(lbf-s²/inch)/sec/R

Problem Description

A blastwave hits a bunker shell.

The Dytran model is provided by geo.dat. The FEM is given in this file by dummy shell elements. When needed, dummy shells will be changed into real shells.

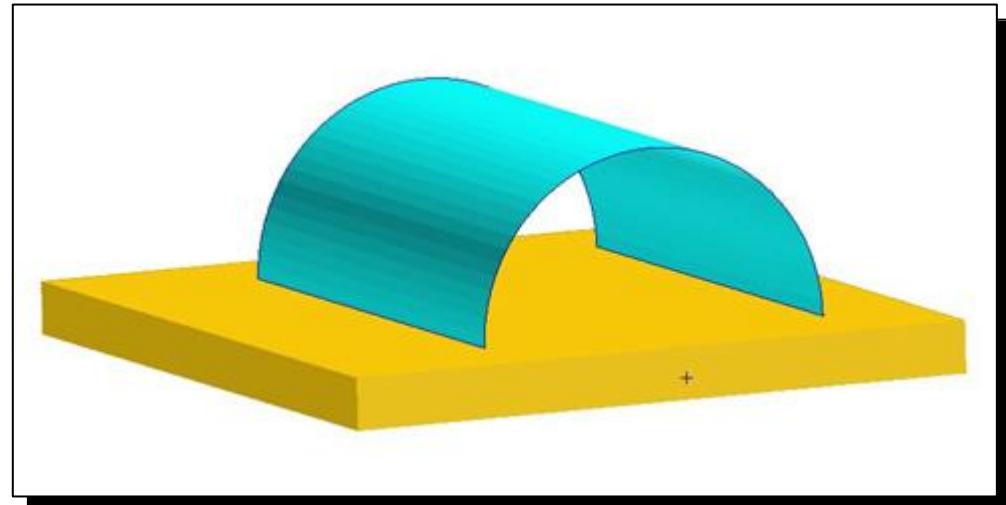
Eulerian Material = ideal gas

$$\rho = 1.2e-7 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\gamma = 1.4$$

Lagrangian materials:

	Type shells	Material	Property ID as occurring in geo.dat
Bunker Shell	Shells of thickness 0.15	DMATEP	1
Open Sides Bunker	Dummy shell elements	NA	2
Ground	Shells of thickness 0.1.	MATRIG	3



Problem Description (Cont.)

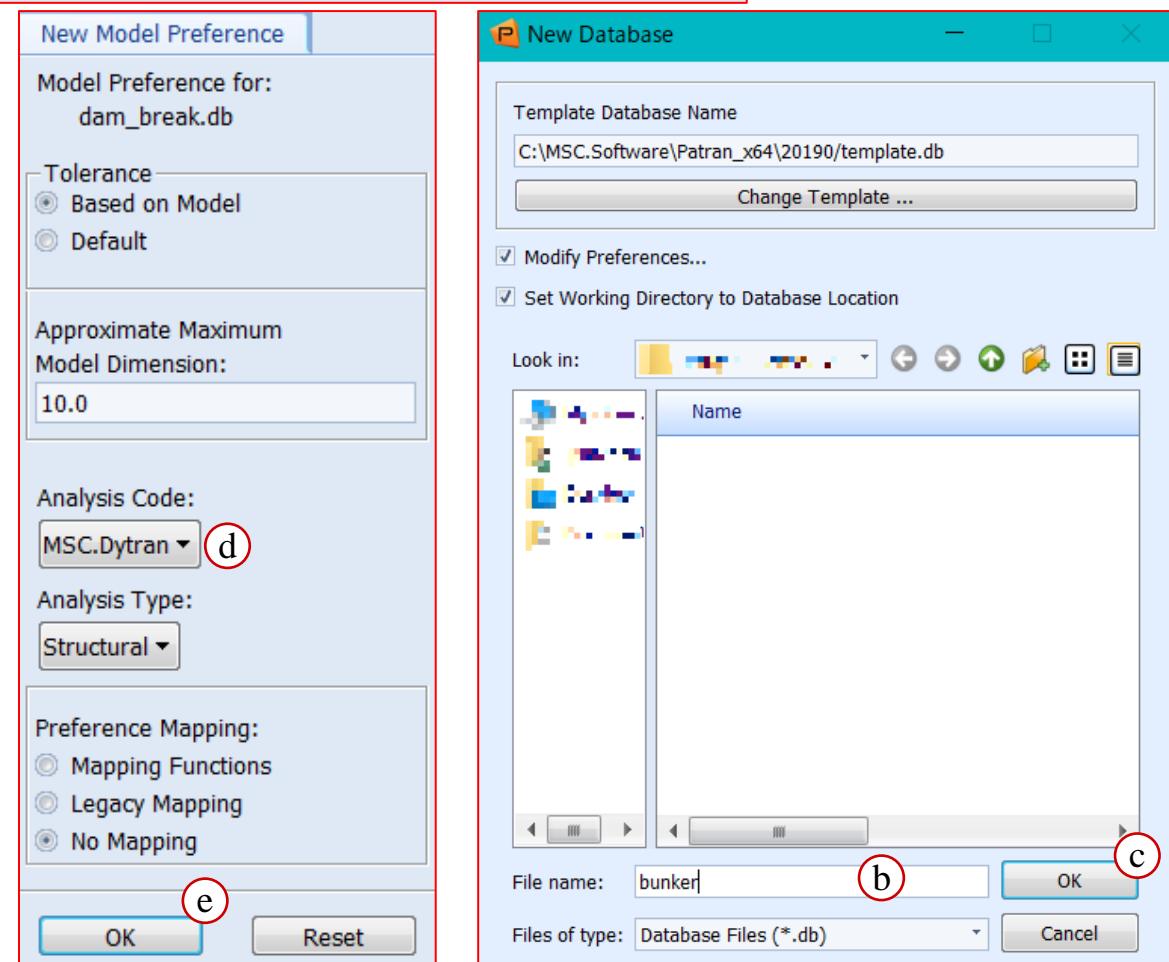
- Fluid-Structure Interaction
 - The gas inside the bunker is modeled by a separate Euler domain. This gas is contained by the first coupling surface. This surface consists of:
 - Shell
 - Two open sides
 - Ground within the bunker
 - The gas outside the bunker is modeled by another Euler mesh. This gas is between the second coupling surface and the boundaries of the Euler mesh. The second coupling surface consists of:
 - Shell
 - Two open sides
 - Ground outside the bunker
 - The two open sides are each modeled by a fully porous subsurface. The porosity model porflcpl is used.
 - Flow of gas through failed shell elements is taken into account by activating interactive failure.
 - For simulations with coupling surfaces with failure, the Roe solver or MMHYDRO or MMSTREN has to be used. The second-order Roe solver is used to minimize diffusion of the blast wave.

Step 1. Create New Database



Create a new database named **bunker**.

- a. Under the *Home* tab, click **New** in the *Default* group.
- b. Enter the *File name* **bunker**.
- c. Click **OK**.
- d. Select **MSC.Dytran** for *Analysis Code*.
- e. Click **OK**.



Step 2. Read the Input File

The screenshot shows the MSC.Dytran software interface. The top menu bar includes: Menu, Home, Geometry, Properties, Loads/BCs, Meshing, Analysis (highlighted with a red box), and Results. Below the menu bar are several toolbars: Entire Model, Current Group, Analysis Deck (highlighted with a red box and labeled 'a'), Archive, History, State, Home, Geometry, Properties, Loads/BCs, Meshing, Analysis (highlighted with a red box and labeled 'h'), Results, and a large toolbar with icons for various operations. A 'Select File' dialog box is open, showing a file named 'geo.dat' (highlighted with a red circle and labeled 'c') in the list. The dialog also has fields for 'File name:' (geo.dat) and 'Files of type:' (Files (*.dat)). Buttons for 'OK' (highlighted with a red circle and labeled 'd') and 'Cancel' are at the bottom. To the right of the dialog is the 'Analysis' panel, which includes: Action: Read Input File (highlighted with a red box and labeled 'b'), Object: MSC.Dytran (highlighted with a red box and labeled 'e'), Code: MSC.Dytran, Type: Structural, Available Jobs, Job Name: bunker, Job Description: MSC.Dytran job created on 07-May-19 at 17:45:40, and a 'Select Input File...' button (highlighted with a red circle and labeled 'f'). At the bottom right is an 'Apply' button (highlighted with a red circle and labeled 'g').

Read the geo.dat input file.

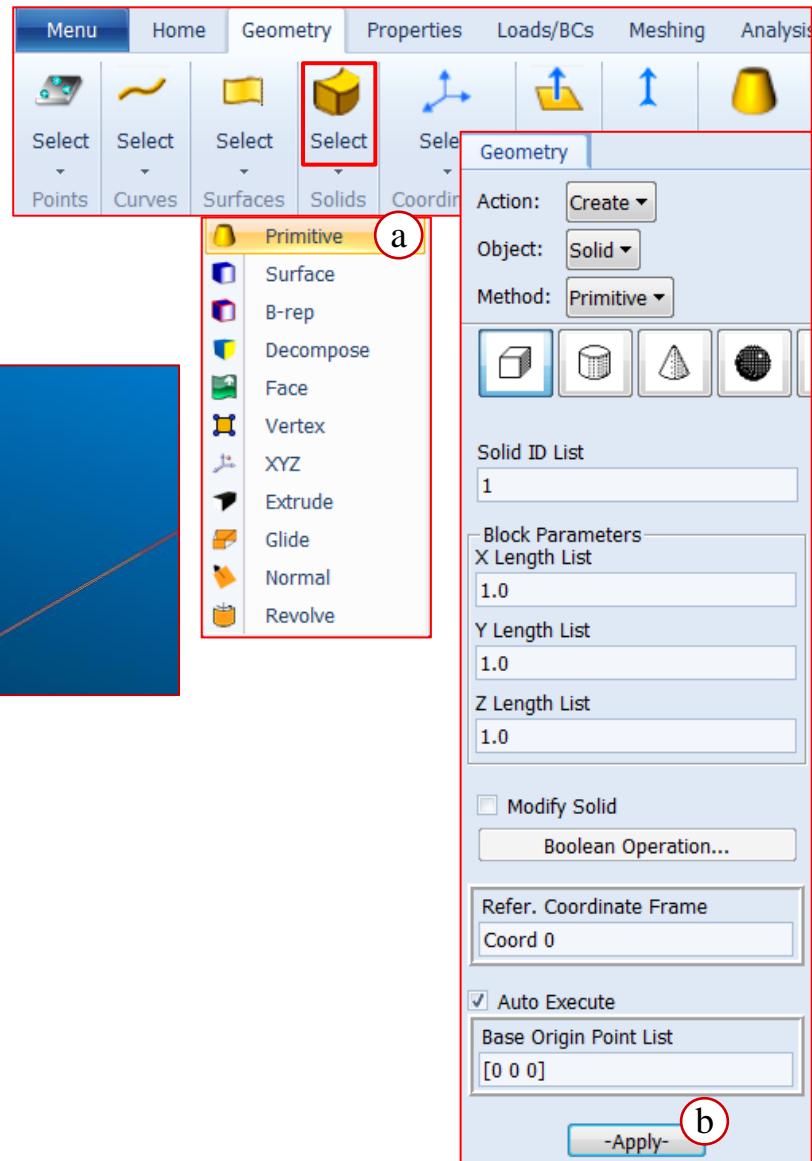
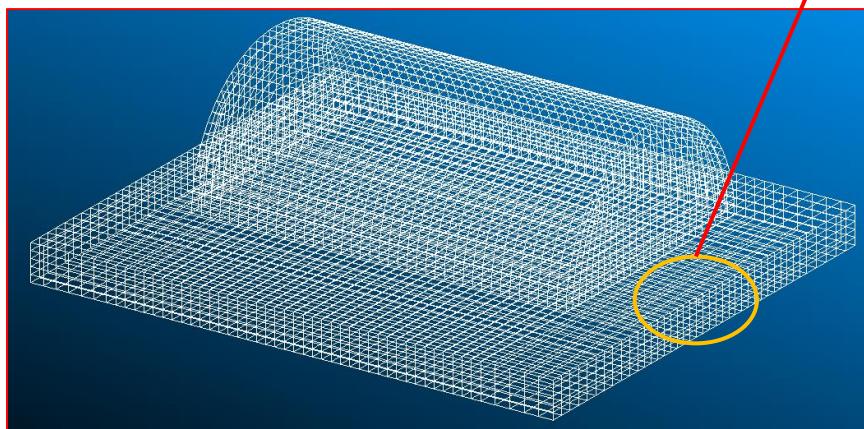
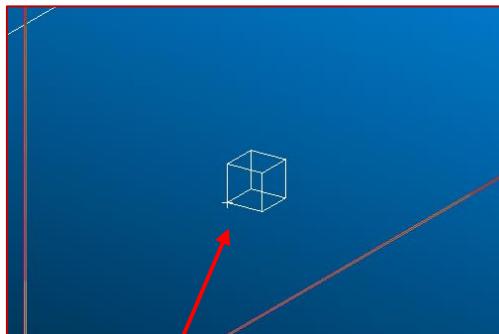
- Under the **Analysis** tab, click **Read** in the *Existing Deck* group.
- Click **Select Input File**.
- Select geo.dat.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.
- Under the **Home** tab, click **Iso 2 View**.
- Click **Smooth shaded**.
- Click **Fit view**.

A 3D rendering of a bunker model, showing a cylindrical top section resting on a rectangular base, both represented by a blue wireframe mesh.

Step 3. Create Solids for 3D Property

Create dummy solids that are used in creating 3D property sets. Create one solid for each couple surface. Any solid will suffice.

- Under the **Geometry** tab, click **Select > Primitive** in the **Solids** group.
- Click twice on **Apply**. This will create two solids. Solid 1 will be used by coupling surface1 and Solid 2 by coupling surface2.



Step 4. Create Material Properties

The screenshot shows the MSC Nastran software interface with the following highlights:

- a**: A red circle highlights the "Isotropic" button in the toolbar under the "Properties" tab.
- b**: A red circle highlights the "Material Name" field in the "Existing Materials" panel, which contains "gas".
- c**: A red circle highlights the "Input Properties ..." button in the "Existing Materials" panel.
- d**: A red circle highlights the "Constitutive Model" dropdown set to "Ideal Gas (DMAT)" and the "Valid For" dropdown set to "Eulerian Solid (Hydro)".
- e**: A red circle highlights the "Density" input field containing "1.2E-7".
- f**: A red circle highlights the "OK" button at the bottom left of the "Input Options" dialog.
- g**: A red circle highlights the "Apply" button at the bottom right of the "Existing Materials" panel.
- Menu**: The top navigation bar includes Home, Geometry, Properties (highlighted), Loads/BCs, Meshing, Analysis, and Results.
- Toolbar Buttons**: Icons for Isotropic, Orthotropic, Anisotropic, 2D, Composite, 0D Properties, 1D Properties, 2D Properties, 3D Properties, and Property Actions.
- Materials Panel**: Shows Action: Create, Object: Isotropic, Method: Manual Input.
- Existing Materials Panel**: Shows a list of existing materials with a search filter and buttons for Input Properties and Change Material Status.

Create the material properties for gas.

- Under the *Properties* tab, click **Isotropic**.
- Enter **gas** for *Material name*.
- Click **Input Properties**.
- Set *Constitutive Model* to **Ideal Gas (DMAT)** and *Valid For* to **Eulerian Solid (Hydro)**.
- Enter **1.2e-7** for *density*, **1.4** for *gamma*.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.

Step 5. Create 3D Properties for the Solids



Create 3D properties for use in mesh generator and initialization.

- Under the *Properties* tab, click **Eulerian Solid** in the *3D Properties* group.
- Enter **peuler1** for *Property Set Name*.
- Select **Hydro(PEULER1)** for *Options*.
- Click **Apply**.

Do the same for the Solid 2 but now with property name peuler2.

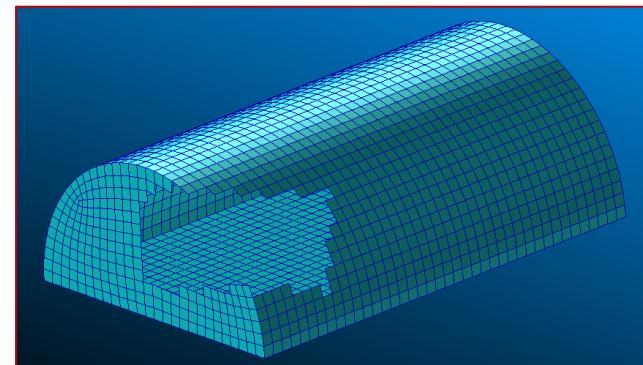
- Enter **peuler2** for *Property Set Name*.
- Select **Hydro(PEULER1)** for *Options*.
- Click **Apply**.

The 'Element Properties' dialog is shown twice. Both instances have the following settings:

- Action: Create
- Object: 3D
- Type: Eulerian Solid
- Sets By: Name
- Property Set Name: peuler1 (left) or peuler2 (right)
- Options: Hydro (PEULER1) (left) or Hydro (PEULER1) (right)
- Buttons: Input Properties ..., Select Application Region ..., Apply

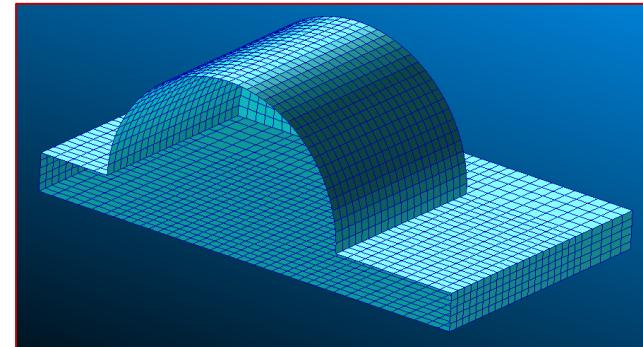
Step 6. Definition of Two Coupling Surfaces

	Is in Couple Surface 1?	Is in Couple Surface 2?	Elements
Bunker shell	Yes	Yes	1 thru 1600
Open Sides	Yes	Yes	1601 thru 2240
Ground within bunker	Yes	No	2241 thru 3280
Ground outside bunker	No	Yes	3413 thru 7904



Couple Surface 1

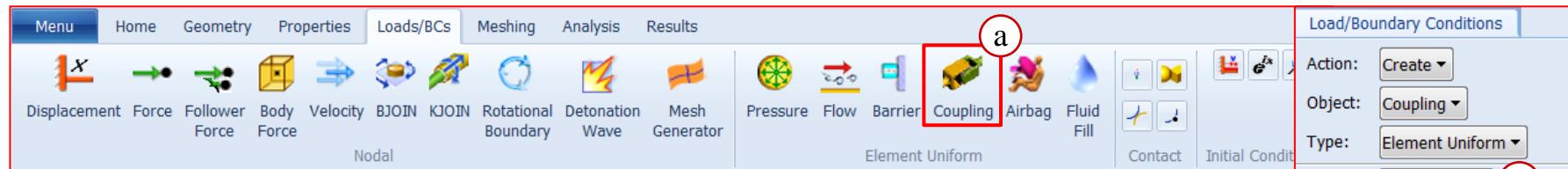
Partially hidden for viewing



Couple Surface 2

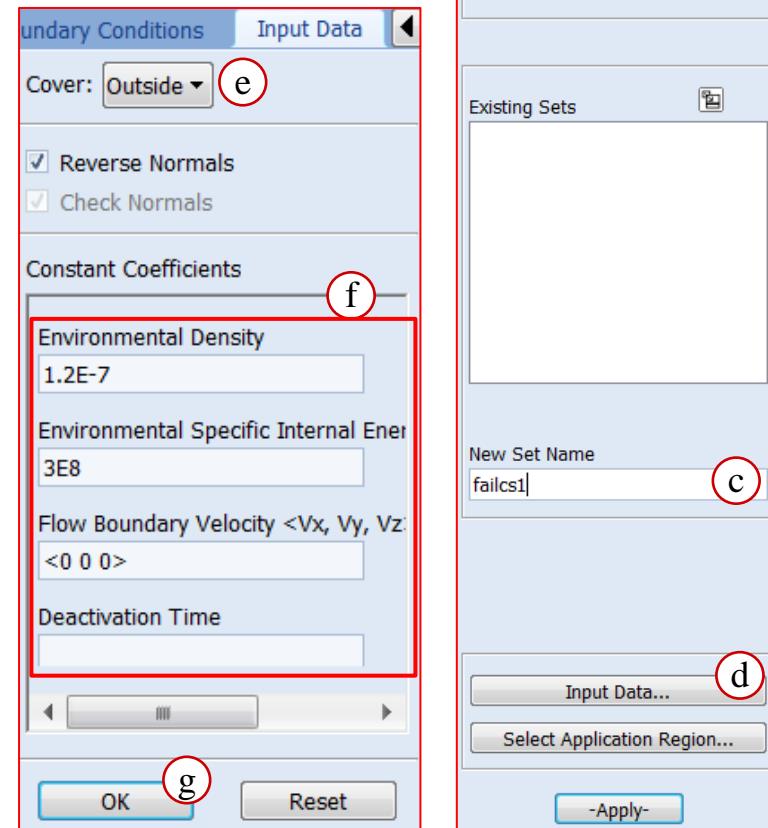
Hide half for viewing

Step 7. Creating the First Coupling Surface



Create the first coupling surface, failcs1. Enter the input data.

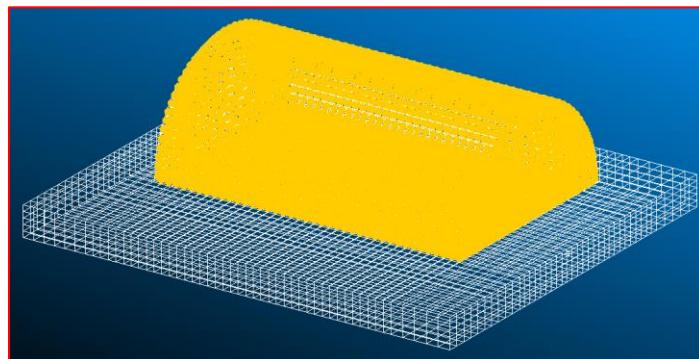
- a. Under the *Loads/BCs* tab, click **Coupling** in the *Element Uniform* group.
- b. Set *Option* to **With Failure**.
- c. Enter **failcs1** for the *New Set Name*.
- d. Click **Input Data**.
- e. Set *Cover* to **Outside**.
- f. Enter **1.2e-7** for *Environmental Density* and **3e8** for *Environmental Specific Internal Energy* and **<0 0 0>** for *Flow Boundary Velocity*.
- g. Click **OK**.



Step 7. Creating the First Coupling Surface (Cont.)

Define the application region for failcs1.

- a. Click **Select Application Region**.
- b. Enter **Elm 1:3280** for *Select Entities*.
- c. Click **Add**.
- d. Set *Target* to **Euler Elements**.
- e. Select **Geometry**.
- f. Enter **Solid 1** for *Select Entities*.
- g. Click **Add**.
- h. Click **OK**.
- i. Click **Apply**.



The screenshot shows two 'Select Application Regions' dialog boxes side-by-side, with a 'Load/Boundary Conditions' panel on the right.

Left Dialog (Target: Euler Elements):

- Form Type: Select Tool
- Target: Euler Elements (d)
- Element Type: 3D
- Geometry Filter: Geometry (e) (selected)
- Application Region:
 - Select Entities: Solid 1 (f)
 - Add (g)
 - Remove
- Surface Definition:
 - Element 1:3280
- Euler Element Selection
- Preview
- OK (h)

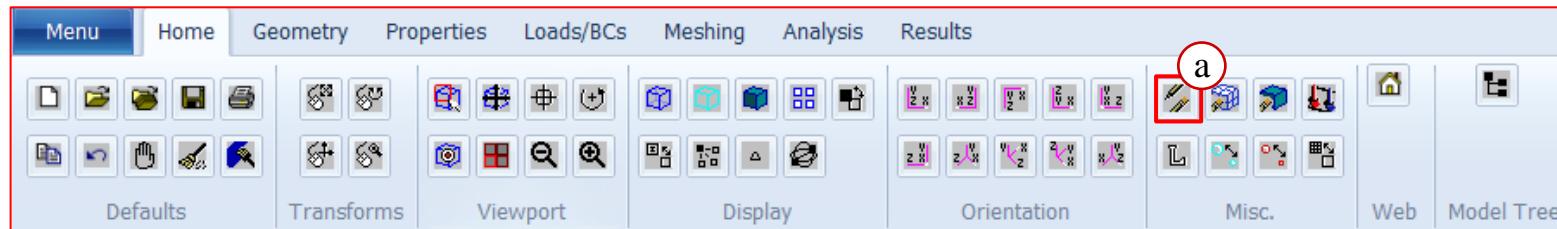
Right Dialog (Target: Surface):

- Form Type: Select Tool
- Target: Surface
- Element Type: 2D
- Geometry Filter: Geometry (e) (selected)
- Application Region:
 - Select Entities: Elm 1:3280 (b)
 - Add (c)
 - Remove
- Surface Definition
- Euler Element Selection
- Preview
- OK

Load/Boundary Conditions Panel:

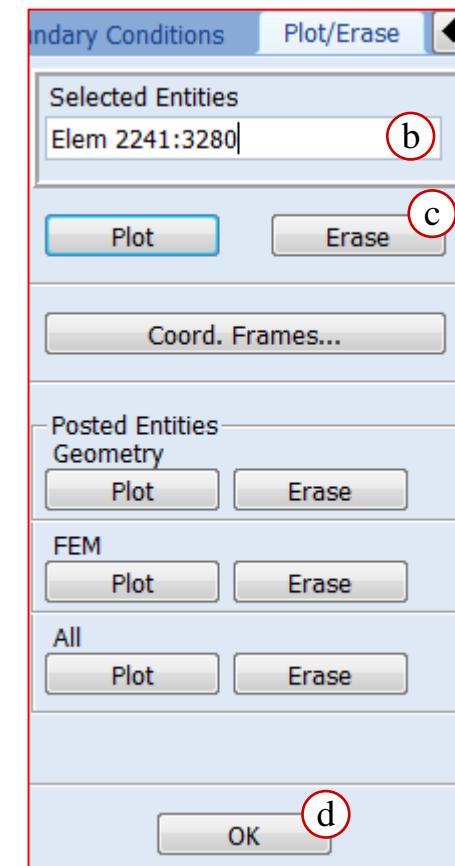
- Action: Create
- Object: Coupling
- Type: Element Uniform
- Option: With Failure
- Current Load Case: Default...
- Type: Time Dependent
- Existing Sets (empty)
- New Set Name: failcs1
- Input Data...
- Select Application Region... (a)
- Apply- (i)

Step 8. Creating the Second Coupling Surface



The second coupling surface is given by all elements except the elements that model the ground within the bunker. First, erase these ground elements.

- a. Under the *Home* tab, click **Plot/Erase** in the *Misc.* group.
- b. Enter **Elm 2241:3280**.
- c. Click **Erase**.
- d. Click **OK**.



Step 8. Creating the Second Coupling Surface (Cont.)

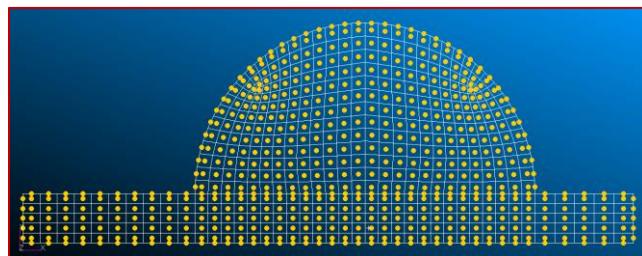
Define the cover and application region.

- Under the *Loads/BCs* tab, click **Coupling** in the *Element Uniform* group.
- Enter **failcs2**.
- Click **Input Data**.
- Select **Inside**.
- Click **OK**.

Step 8. Creating the Second Coupling Surface (Cont.)

Define the application region.

- a. Click **Select Application Region**.
- b. Click **Pick Clear**.
- c. Click **Pick All**.
- d. Click **Add**.
- e. Set **Target** to **Euler Elements**.
- f. Select **Geometry**.
- g. Enter **Solid 2** for **Select Entities**.
- h. Click **Add**.
- i. Click **OK**.
- j. Click **Apply**.



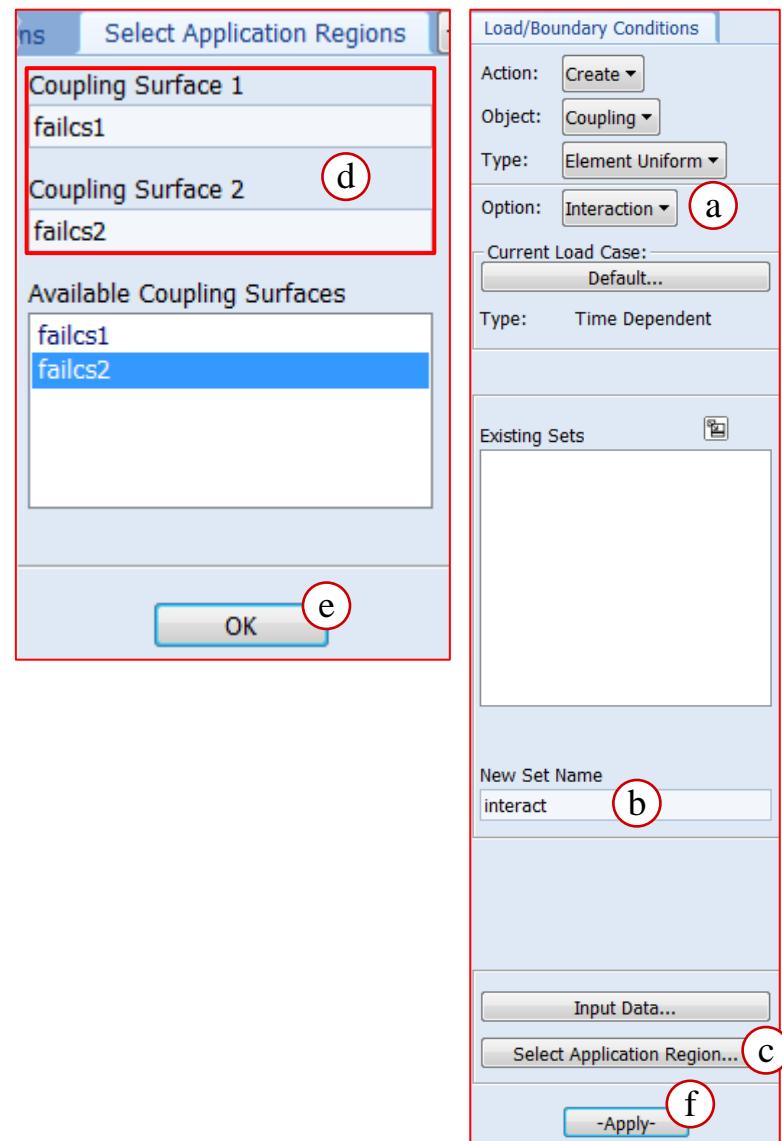
Do not Click Preview at this time

The image shows three side-by-side screenshots of the 'Select Application Regions' dialog box. The left screenshot is for 'Euler Elements' (Target set to 'Euler Elements', Element Type '3D', Geometry Filter 'Geometry'), with points e, f, g, h, and i circled. The middle screenshot is for 'Surface' (Target set to 'Surface', Element Type '2D', Geometry Filter 'Geometry'), with points b, c, d, and i circled. The right screenshot shows the 'Load/Boundary Conditions' panel with 'Action: Create', 'Object: Coupling', 'Type: Element Uniform', 'Option: With Failure', 'Current Load Case: Default...', 'Type: Time Dependent', and 'Existing Sets: failcs1'. Points a and j are circled here. A red box highlights the 'Preview' button in the bottom-left corner of the middle dialog, with the instruction 'Do not Click Preview at this time' overlaid. The 'OK' button is also circled in the bottom-right corner of the middle dialog.

Step 9. Creating Interactive Failure

Create interactive failure for the coupling surfaces.

- a. Select **Interaction** for *Option*.
- b. Enter **interact** as *the New Set Name*.
- c. Click **Select Application Region**.
- d. Select **failcs1** and **failcs2** for *Coupling Surface 1* and *Coupling Surface 2*.
- e. Click **OK**.
- f. Click **Apply**.



Step 10. Euler Mesh For the First Coupling

The screenshot shows the MSC Nastran software interface with the following components highlighted:

- Toolbar:** Home, Geometry, Properties, Loads/BCs (highlighted), Meshing, Analysis, Results.
- Tool Group:** Displacement, Force, Follower Force, Body Force, Velocity, BJOIN, KJOIN, Rotational Boundary, Detonation Wave, Mesh Generator (highlighted with circle 'a').
- Load/Boundary Conditions Dialog (right side):**
 - Action: Create, Object: Mesh Generator, Type: Nodal, Option: Box.
 - Current Load Case: Default...
 - Type: Time Dependent.
- Mesh Generator Dialog (center):**
 - Origin: [-430 0 -1287] (highlighted with circle 'd').
 - Box Size: <837 480 1296> (highlighted with circle 'e').
 - Number of Elements in the X dir.: 24 (highlighted with circle 'f').
 - Number of Elements in the Y dir.: 16 (highlighted with circle 'f').
 - Number of Elements in the Z dir.: 30 (highlighted with circle 'f').
 - Select Coupling Lbc:
 - failcs1 (highlighted with circle 'g').
 - failcs2
 - Select 3D Property:
 - peuler1 (highlighted with circle 'h').
 - peuler2
 - Buttons: Preview (highlighted with circle 'i'), OK (highlighted with circle 'j'), Reset.
 - Input Data... (highlighted with circle 'c').
 - Select Application Region...
 - Apply- (highlighted with circle 'k').
- Preview Window (bottom left):** Shows a 3D model of a spherical shell with a mesh generated on its surface.

Create the euler mesh for the first coupling surface.

- Under the *Loads/BCs* tab, click **Mesh Generator** in the *Nodal* group.
- Enter **euler1** for the *New Set Name*.
- Click **Input Data**.
- Enter **[-430, 0, -1287]** for *Origin*.
- Enter **<837, 480, 1296>** for *Box Size*.
- For *Number of Elements in X, Y and Z dir.*, enter **24, 16** and **30**.
- Select **failcs1**.
- Select **peuler1**.
- Click **Preview**.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.

Step 11. Euler Mesh for the Second Coupling

The screenshot shows the MSC Nastran software interface with the following details:

- Top Menu Bar:** Home, Geometry, Properties, Loads/BCs, **Mesher**, Analysis, Results.
- Toolbars:** Displacement, Force, Follower Force, Body Force, Velocity, BJOIN, KJOIN, Rotational Boundary, Detonation Wave, **Mesh Generator**.
- Load/Boundary Conditions Dialog (highlighted in red):**
 - Action: Create
 - Object: Mesh Generator
 - Type: Nodal
 - Option: Box
 - Current Load Case: Default...
 - Type: Time Dependent
- Mesh Generator Dialog (highlighted in red):**
 - Origin:** [-647 0 -1293] (circled with red 'c')
 - Box Size:** <1057 447 1293> (circled with red 'd')
 - Numb. of Elem. in the X dir.:** 33 (circled with red 'e')
 - Numb. of Elem. in the Y dir.:** 23
 - Numb. of Elem. in the Z dir.:** 37
 - Select Coupling Lbc:** failcs1, failcs2 (circled with red 'f')
 - Select 3D Property:** peuler1, peuler2 (circled with red 'g')
 - Buttons:** Input Data..., Select Application Region..., OK (circled with red 'i'), Preview (circled with red 'h'), Reset, -Apply- (circled with red 'j')
- Preview Window:** Shows a 3D model of a sphere with a fine Euler mesh applied to its surface.

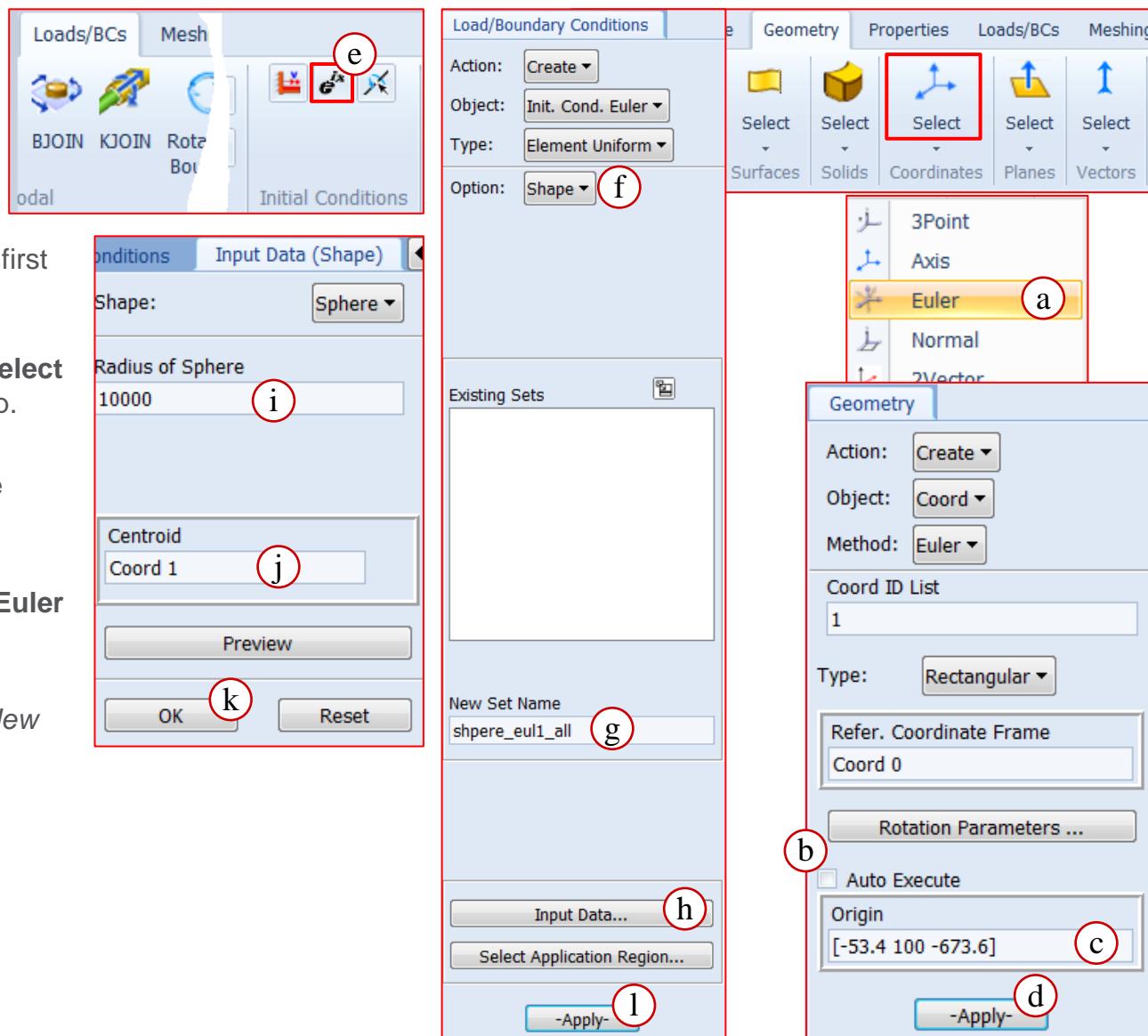
Create the euler mesh for the second coupling surface.

- Enter **euler2** for the New Set Name.
- Click **Input Data**.
- Enter **[-647, 0, -1293]** for Origin.
- Enter **<1057, 447, 1293>** for Box Size.
- For Number of Elements in X, Y and Z dir., enter **33, 23** and **37**.
- Select **failcs2**.
- Select **peuler2**.
- Click **Preview**.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.

Step 12. Initialization of Euler Mesh/Shapes

Create the coordinate frame for the first sphere. Then, set the boundary conditions.

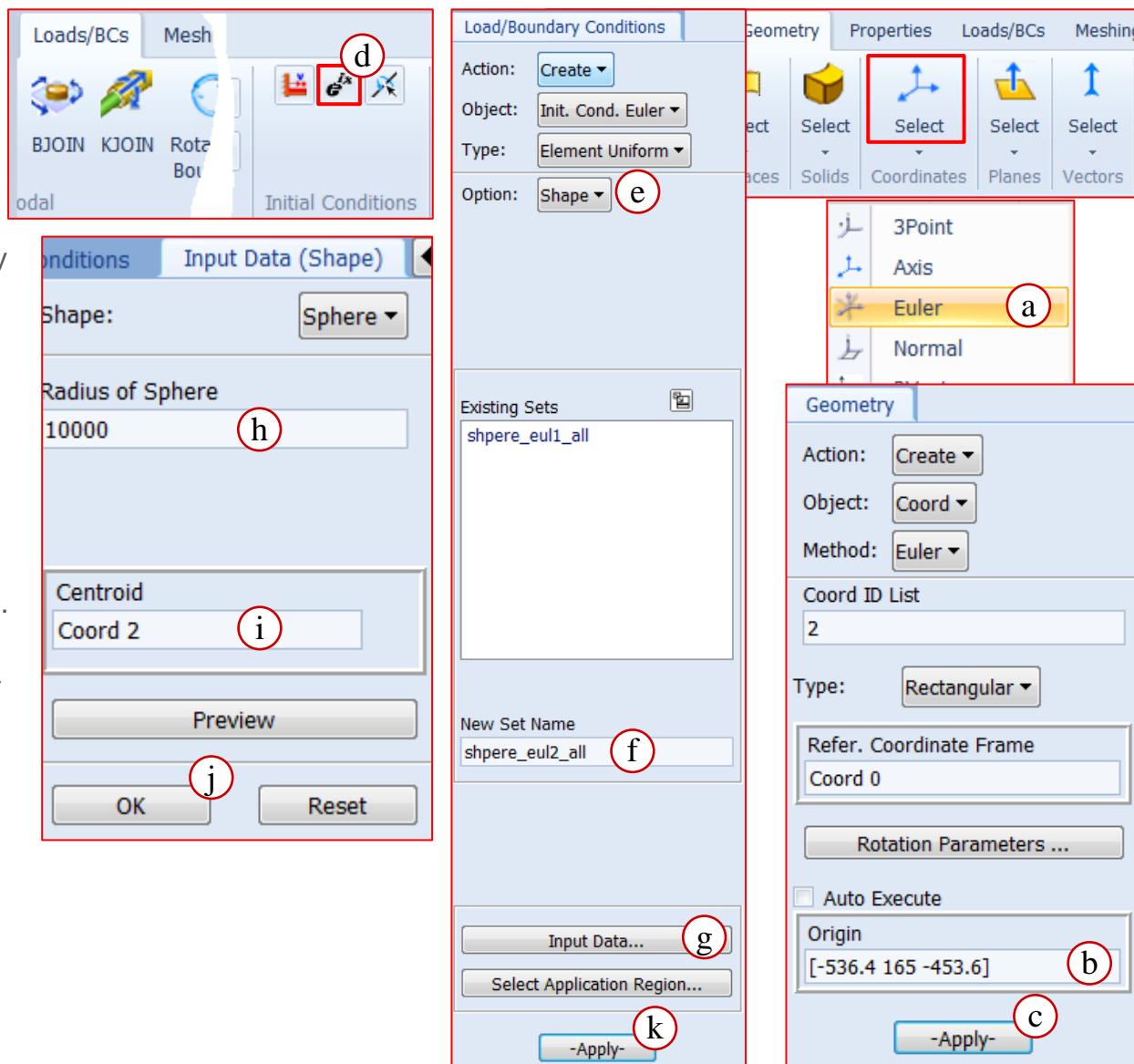
- a. Under the **Geometry** tab, click **Select > Euler** in the *Coordinates* group.
- b. Uncheck **Auto Execute**.
- c. Enter **[-53.4, 100, -673.6]** for the coordinates at the *Origin*.
- d. Click **Apply**.
- e. Under the **Loads/BCs** tab, click **Euler** in the *Initial Conditions* group.
- f. Set **Option** to **Shape**.
- g. Enter **sphere_eul1_all** for the *New Set Name*.
- h. Click **Input Data**.
- i. Enter **Radius = 10000**.
- j. Select **Coord1**.
- k. Click **OK**.
- l. Click **Apply**.



Step 12. Initialization of Euler Mesh/Shapes (Cont.)

Create the coordinate frame for the second sphere. Then, set the boundary conditions.

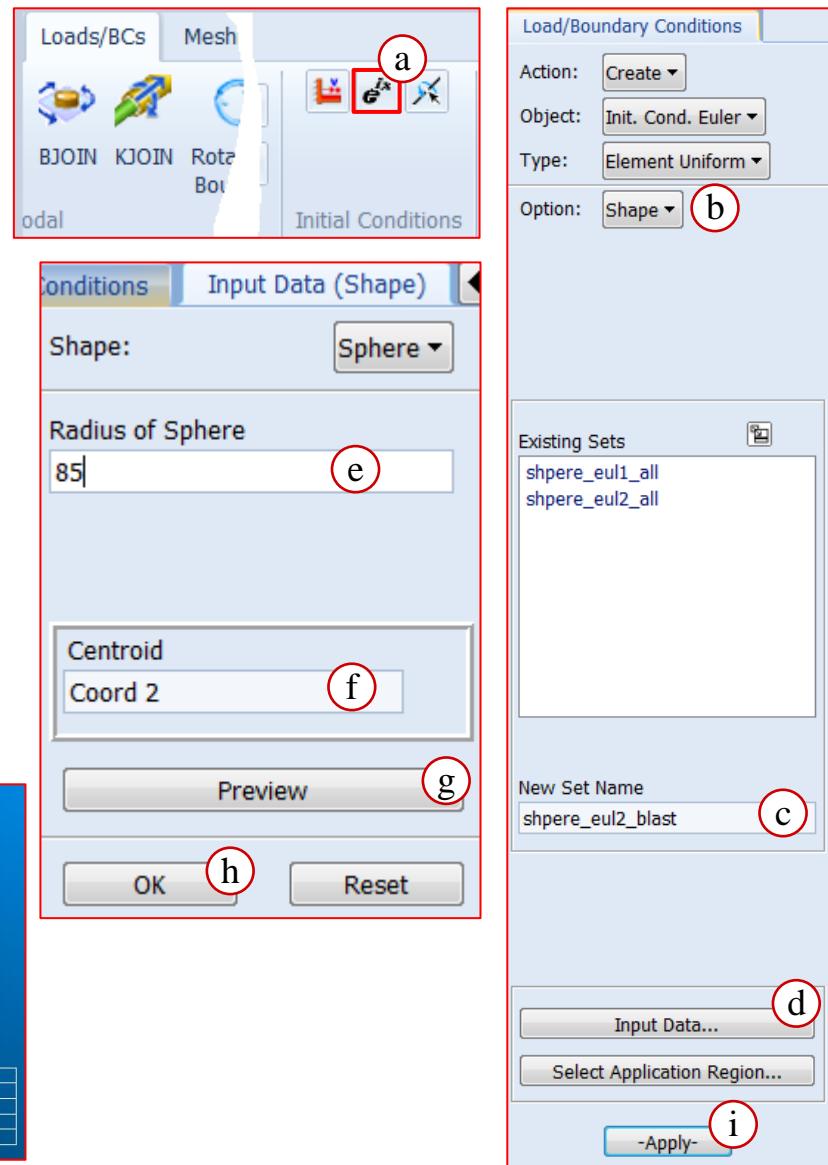
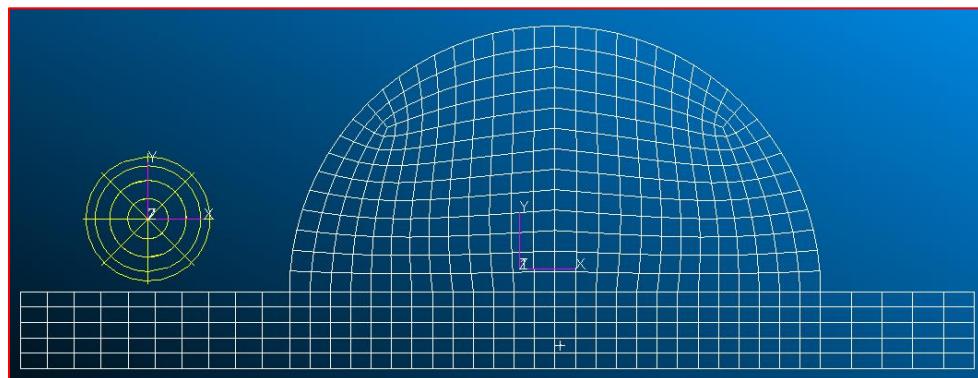
- a. Under the *Geometry* tab, click **Select > Euler** in the *Coordinates* group.
- b. Enter **[-536.4, 165, -453.6]** for the coordinates at the *Origin*.
- c. Click **Apply**.
- d. Under the *Loads/BCs* tab, click **Euler** in the *Initial Conditions* group.
- e. Set *Option* to **Shape**.
- f. Enter **sphere_eul2_all** for the *New Set Name*.
- g. Click **Input Data**.
- h. Enter *Radius* = **10000**.
- i. For *Centroid* select **Coord 2**.
- j. Click **OK**.
- k. Click **Apply**.



Step 12. Initialization of Euler Mesh/Shapes (Cont.)

Set the boundary conditions for the sphere containing the blast.

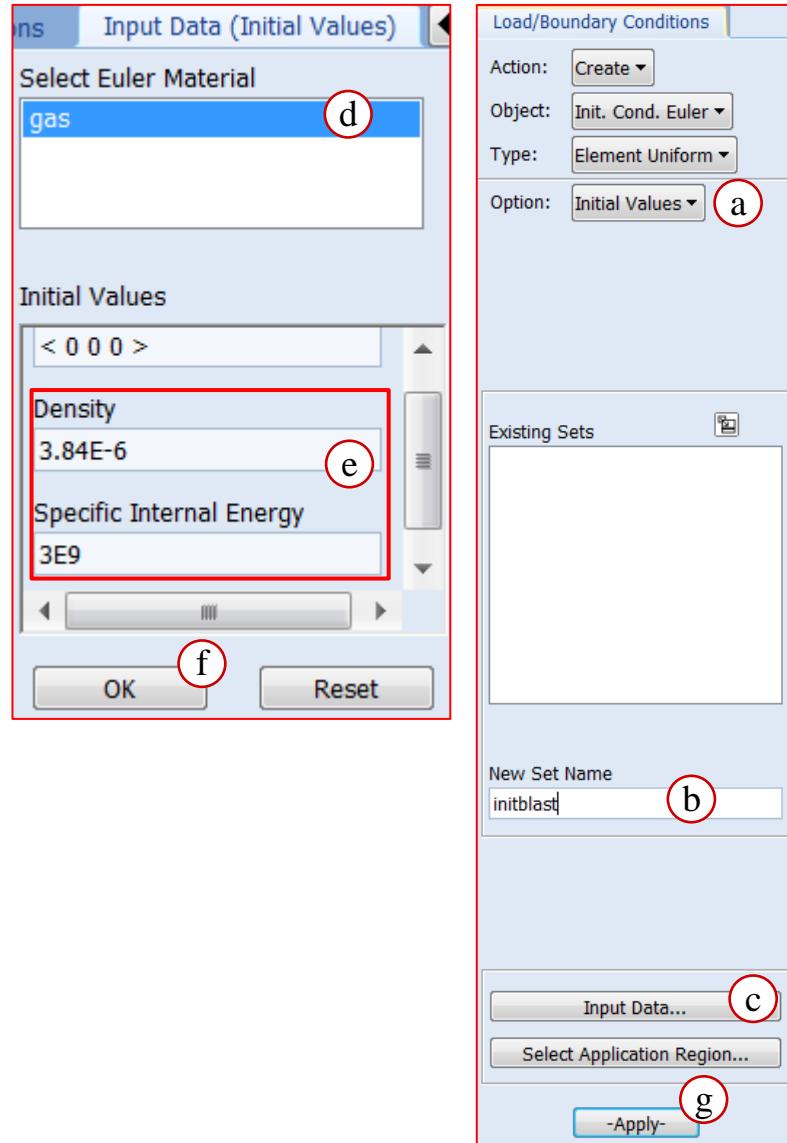
- a. Under the *Loads/BCs* tab, click **Euler** in the *Initial Conditions* group.
- b. Set *Option* to **Shape**.
- c. Enter **sphere_eul2_blast** for the *New Set Name*.
- d. Click **Input Data**.
- e. Enter *Radius* = **85**.
- f. For *Centroid* select **Coord 2**.
- g. Click **Preview**.
- h. Click **OK**.
- i. Click **Apply**.



Step 13. Initialization of Euler Mesh/Initial Values

Create the initial values for the blastwave.

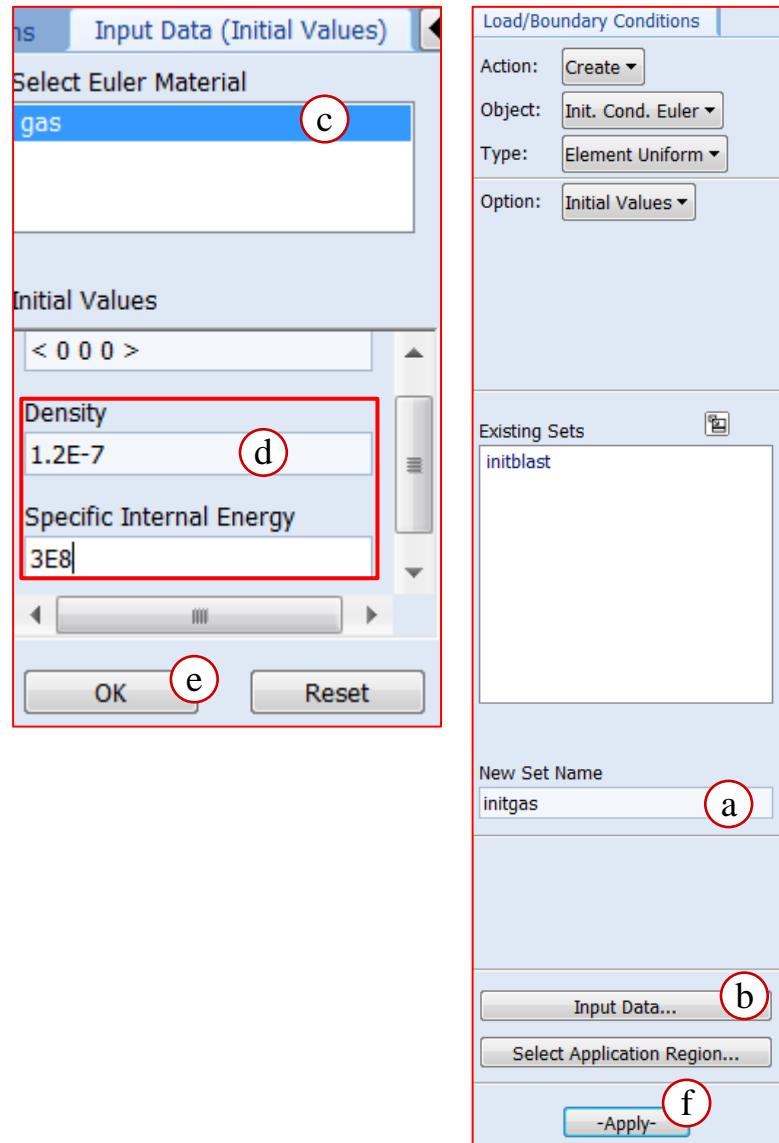
- a. Set *Option* to **Initial Value**.
- b. Enter **initblast** for the initial value set name.
- c. Select **Input Data**.
- d. Select **gas** for **Select Material**.
- e. Enter **Density = 3.84e-6**, **Specific Internal Energy = 3e9**
- f. Click **OK**.
- g. Click **Apply**.



Step 13. Initialization of Euler Mesh/Initial Values (Cont.)

Create initial values for the gas outside the initial blast.

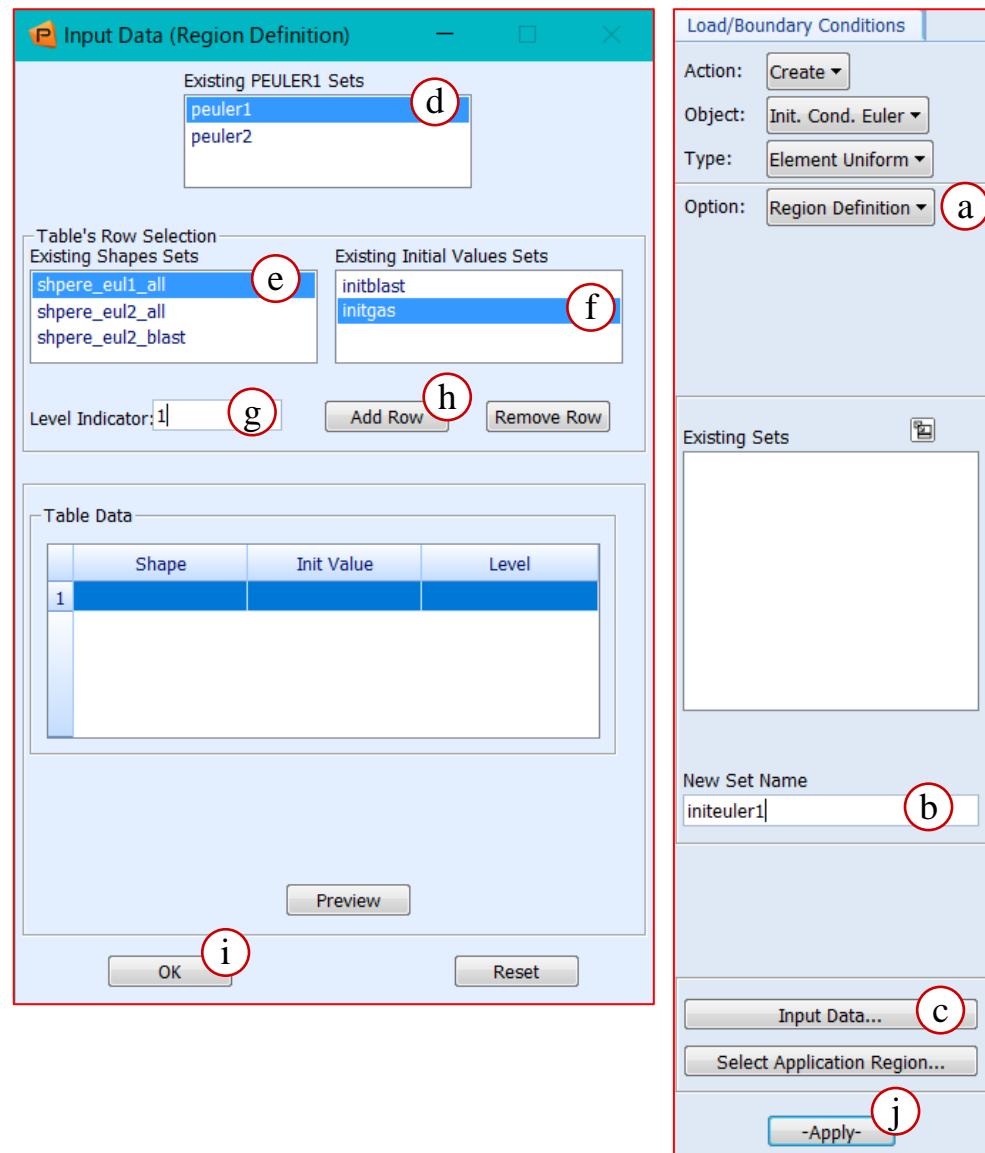
- a. Enter **initgas** for the initial value set name.
- b. Select **Input Data**.
- c. Select **gas** for **Select Material**.
- d. Enter *Density = 1.2e-7, Specific Internal Energy = 3e8*
- e. Click **OK**.
- f. Click **Apply**.



Step 14. Initialization of the First Euler Mesh

Initialize the euler mesh that references peuler1. This is the euler mesh for the first coupling surface.

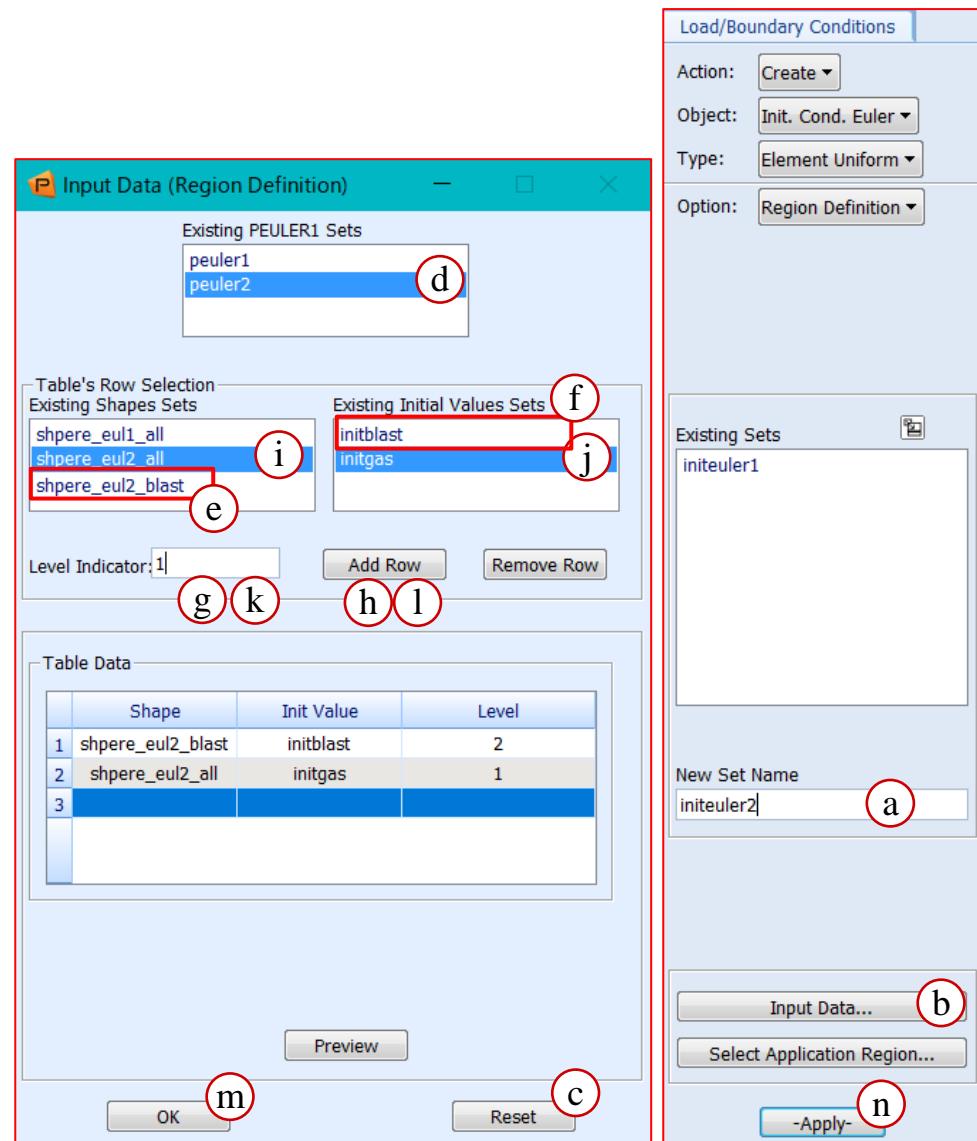
- a. Select **Region Definition** for Option.
- b. Enter **initeuler1** for New Set Name.
- c. Click **Input Data**.
- d. Select **peuler1** for Existing PEULER1 Sets.
- e. Select **sphere_eul1_all** for Existing Shapes Sets.
- f. Select **initgas** for Existing Initial Value Sets.
- g. Enter **Level = 1.0**.
- h. Click Add Row.
- i. Click **OK**.
- j. Click **Apply**.



Step 15. Initialization of the Second Euler Msesh

Initialize the Euler mesh that references peuler2. This is the euler mesh for the second coupling surface.

- a. Enter **initeuler2** for *New Set Name*.
- b. Click **Input Data**.
- c. Click **Reset**.
- d. Select **peuler2** for *Existing PEULER1 Sets*.
- e. Select **sphere_eul2_blast** in the *Existing Shapes Sets*.
- f. Select **initblast** in the *Existing Initial Values Sets*.
- g. Enter **Level = 2**.
- h. Click **Add Row**.
- i. Select **sphere_eul2_all** in the *Existing Shapes Sets*.
- j. Select **initgas** in the *Existing Initial Values Sets*.
- k. Enter **Level = 1**.
- l. Click **Add Row**.
- m. Click **OK**.
- n. Click **Apply**.



Step 16. Create Material for Ground

The screenshot shows the MSC Nastran software interface with the following details:

- Top Menu Bar:** Home, Geometry, Properties, Loads/BCs, Meshing, Analysis, Results.
- Properties Tab:** Isotropic (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'a'), Orthotropic, Anisotropic, 2D, Composite, 0D Properties, 1D Properties, 2D Properties, 3D Properties, Lagrangian Solid, Eulerian Solid.
- Materials Panel:** Action: Create, Object: Isotropic, Method: Manual Input.
- Input Options Dialog:** Constitutive Model: Rigid (MATRIG) (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'd'), Valid For: Shell (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'd'), Rigid Body Properties: Geometry. Property Name Value:
 - Density = 0.000734 (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'e')
 - Elastic Modulus = 2.9E7 (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'e')
 - Poisson Ratio = 0.3
 - Mass =
- OK Button:** OK (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'f').
- Existing Materials List:** gas.
- Material Properties Panel:** Material Name: matrigid (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'b'), Description: Date: 07-May-19 Time: 18:15:30, Input Properties ..., Change Material Status ..., Apply (highlighted with a red circle labeled 'g').

Step 17. Create Material for Bunker Shell

Create the material for the bunker shell.

- a. Enter **steel** for *Material Name*.
- b. Click **Input Properties**.
- c. Set the following:

Constitutive Model: ElasPlas (DMATEP)

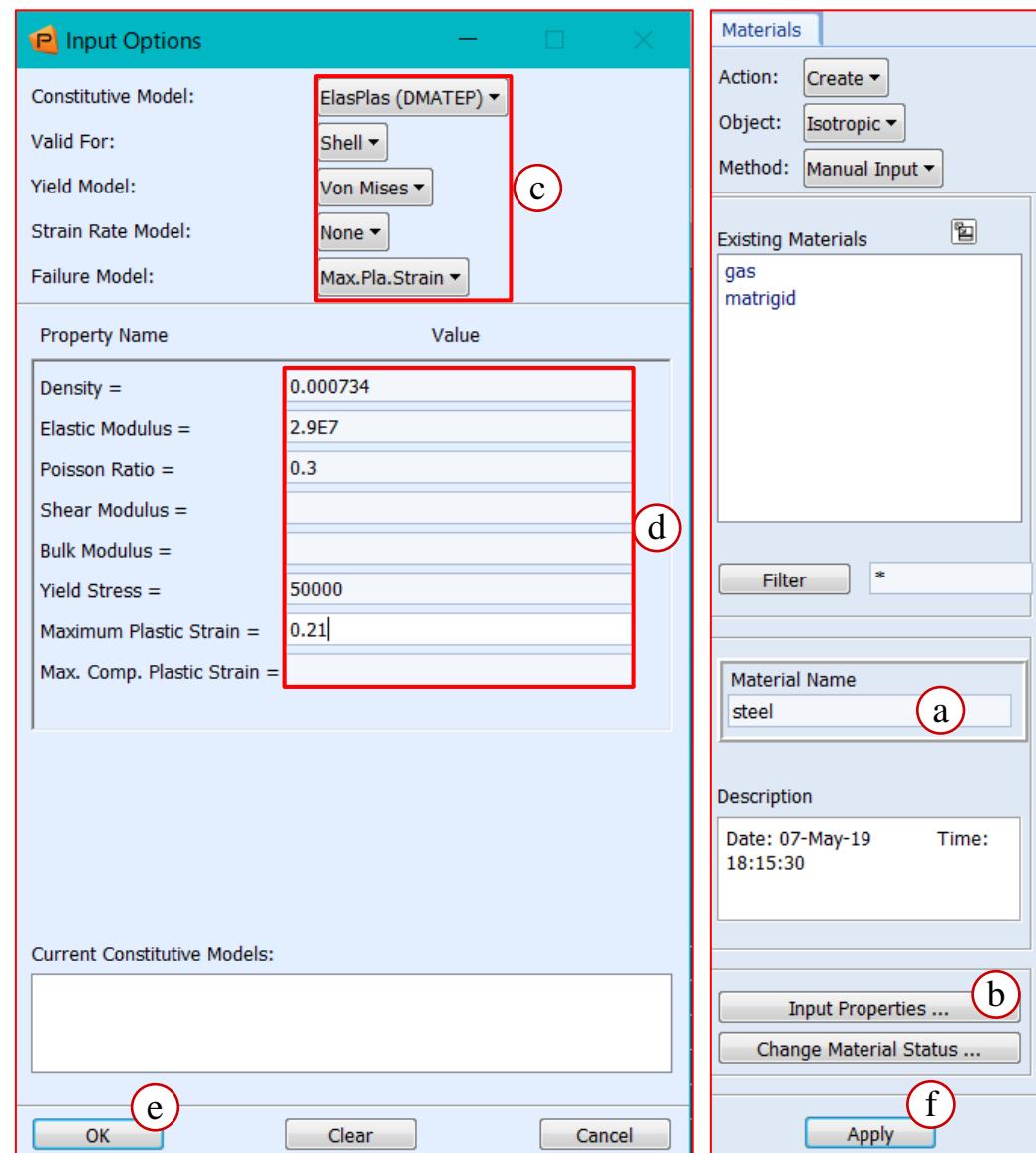
Valid For: Shell

Yield Model: Von Mises

Strain Rate Model: None

Failure Model: Max. Pla. Strain.

- d. Enter **0.000734** for *Density*, **2.9e7** for *Elasticity Modulus*, **0.3** for *Poisson Ratio*, **50000** for *Yield Stress* and **0.21** for *Maximum Plastic Strain*.
- e. Click **OK**.
- f. Click **Apply**.



Step 18. Modify Properties for Ground

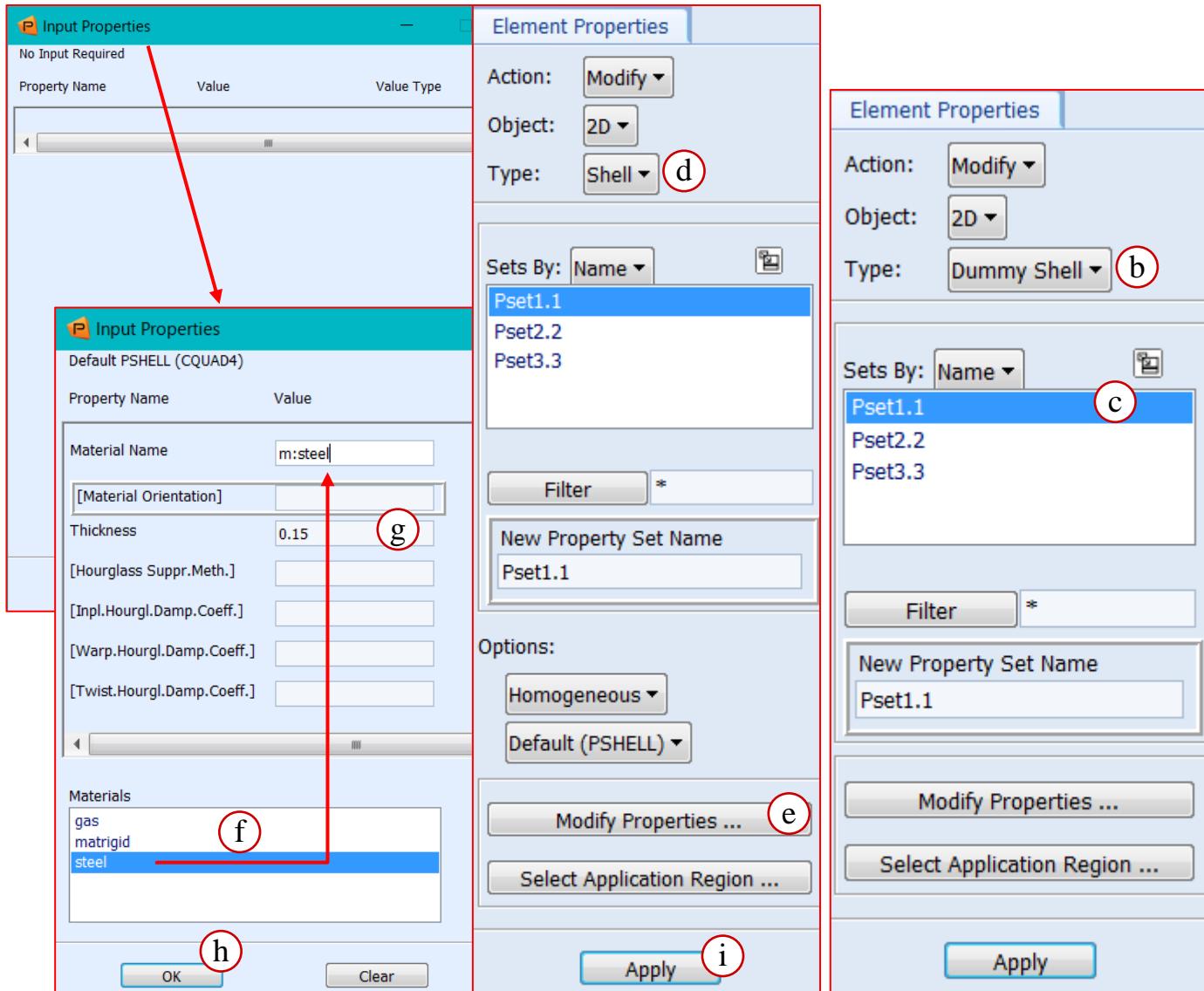
Change the dummy shells of Property 3 into real shells.

- Click **Modify Property** on the *Property Actions* group.
- Pull down **Type** to **Dummy Shell**.
- Select **Pset3.3** and click **OK** to close *Input Properties*.
- Pull down **Type** to **Shell**.
- Click **matrigid**.
- Enter a *thickness* of **0.1**.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.

Step 19. Modify Properties for Bunker Shell

Change the dummy shells of Property 1 into real shells.

- a. Click **Modify Property** on the *Property Actions group*.
- b. Pull down *Type* to **Dummy Shell**.
- c. Select **Pset1.1** and click **OK** to close *Input Properties*.
- d. Pull down *Type* to **Shell**.
- e. Click **Modify Properties**.
- f. Click **steel**.
- g. Enter a *thickness* of **0.15**.
- h. Click **OK**.
- i. Click **Apply**.



Step 20. Create Rigid for Ground

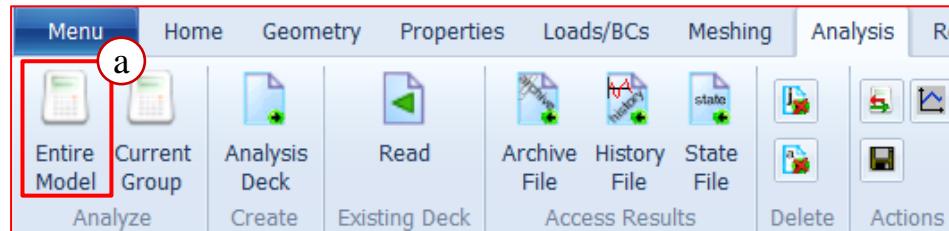
Create the rigid body object for the ground.

- Under the Loads/BCs tab, click **Body Object** in the *Rigid* group.
- Enter the New Set Name **matri1**.
- Click **Input Data**.
- Select **matriid**.
- Constrain all degrees of freedom.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Select Application Region**.
- Set **Geometry Filter** to **FEM**.
- Select any Node of the Ground
- Click **OK** in the *Message* dialogue.
- Click **OK**.
- Click **Apply**.

The screenshot shows the MSC Nastran software interface with various toolbars and panels. A red box highlights the 'Load/Boundary Conditions' panel on the right, which has several fields labeled with letters:

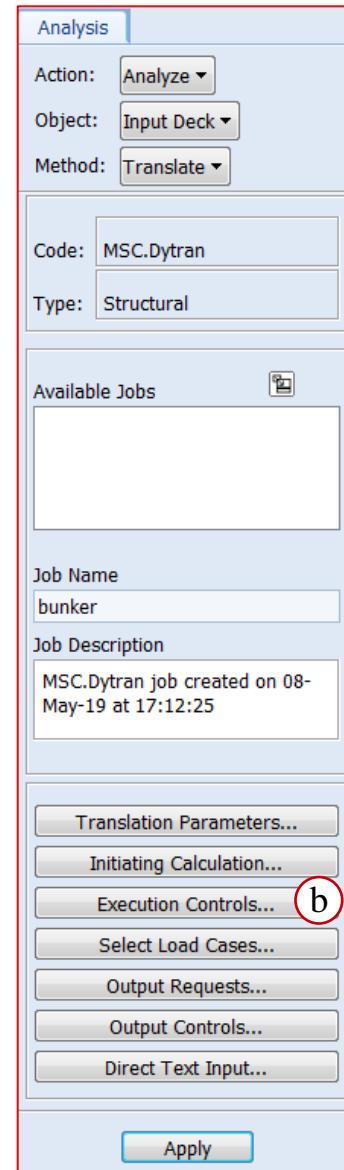
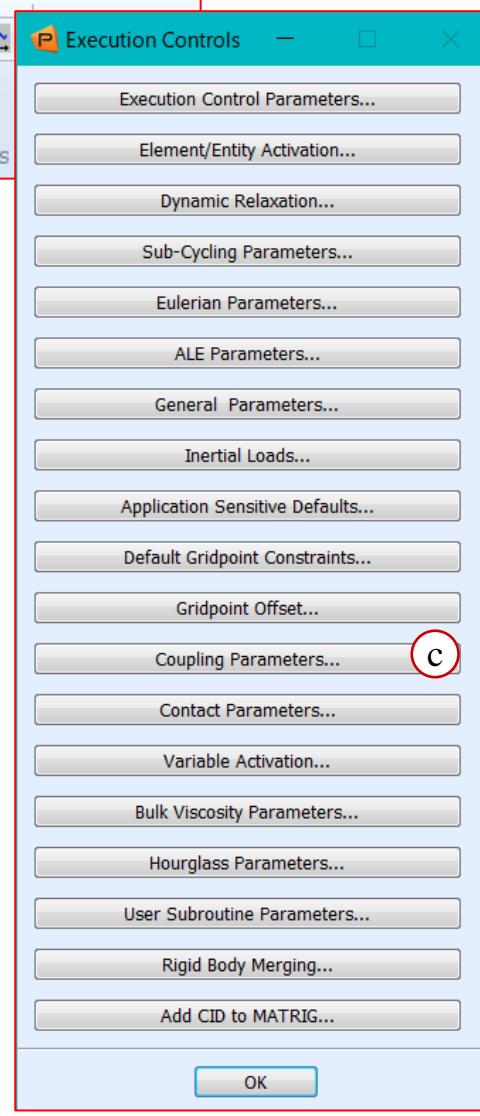
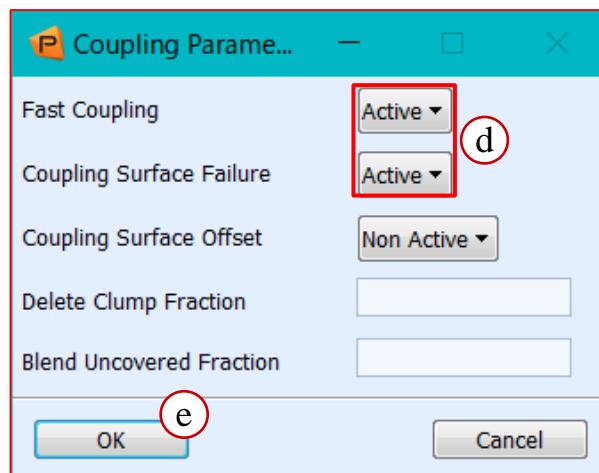
- a**: Action dropdown set to 'Create'.
- b**: Object dropdown set to 'Rigid Body Object'.
- c**: Input Data button.
- d**: Type dropdown set to 'Nodal'.
- e**: Rigid Body Constraint checkboxes for UX, UY, UZ, RX, RY, and RZ, all checked.
- f**: OK and Reset buttons at the bottom of the 'Input Data' panel.
- g**: Select Application Region button.
- h**: Geometry Filter dropdown set to 'FEM'.
- i**: Rigid Reference Node input field containing 'Node 5188'.
- j**: OK button in the 'Message' dialog box.
- k**: OK button in the 'Conditions' dialog box.

Step 21. Set Up the Analysis



Set the execution controls and coupling parameters for the job.

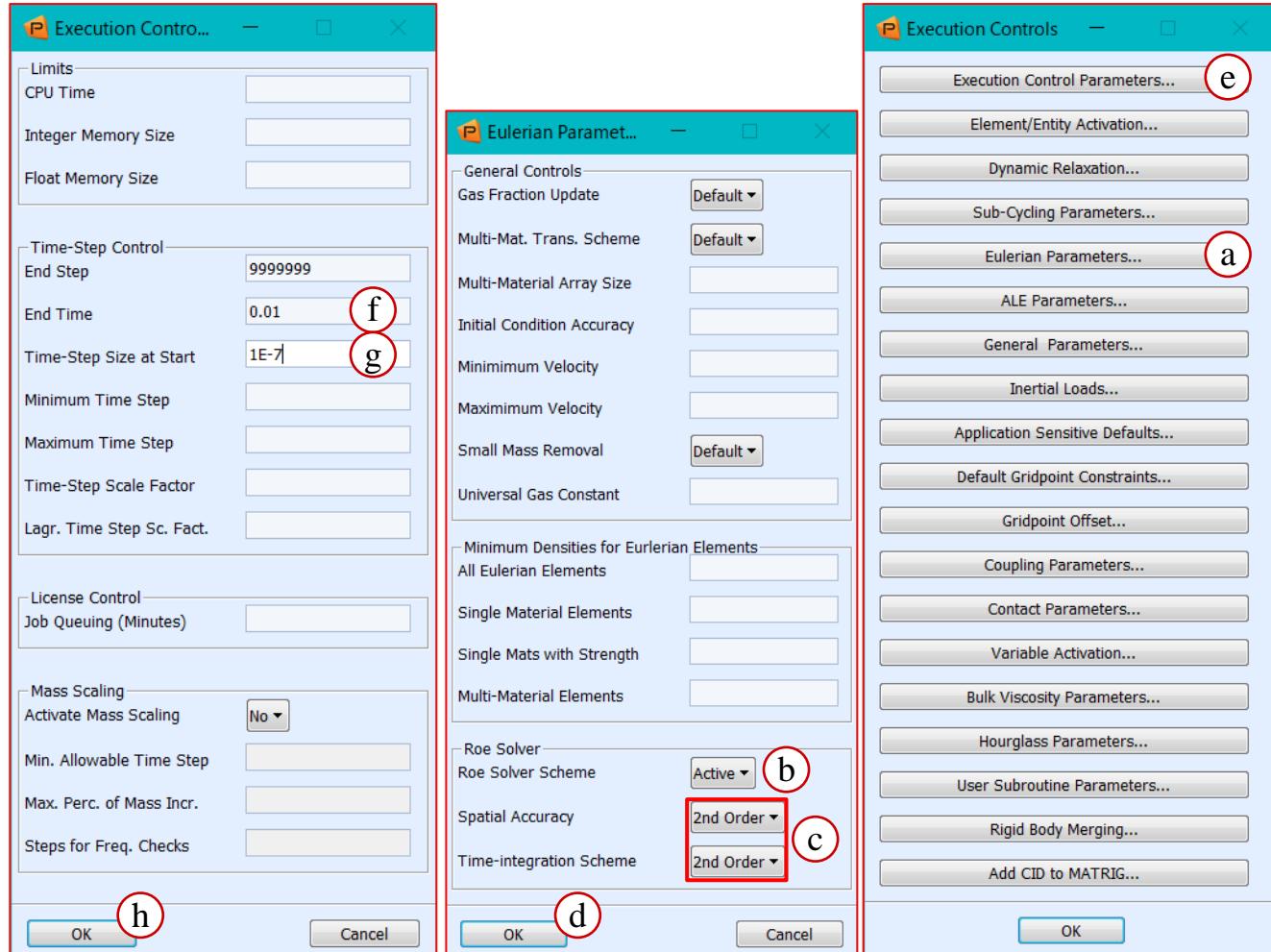
- Under the **Analysis** tab, click **Entire Model** in the **Analyze** group.
- Click **Execution Controls**.
- Click **Coupling Parameters**.
- Set *Fast Coupling* and *Coupling Surface Failure* to **Active**.
- Click **OK**.



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Coupling Surfaces with failure require the Roe solver. Activate the second order Roe solver.

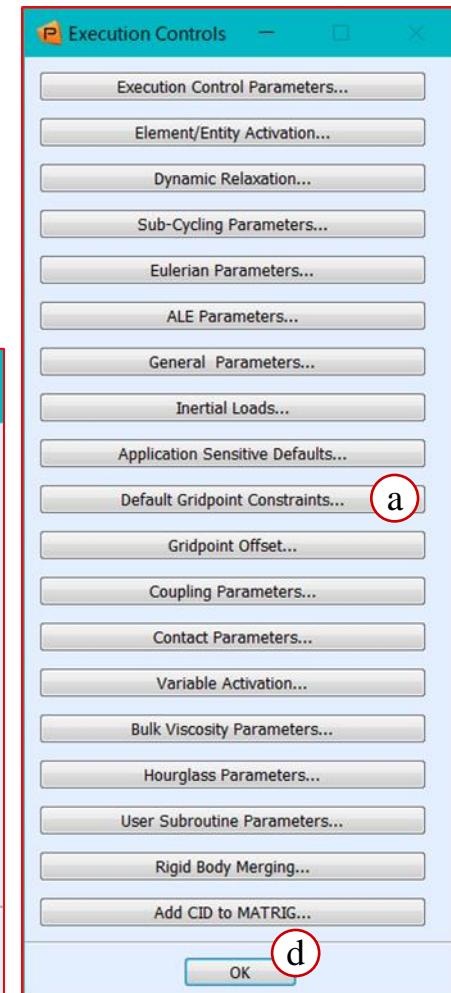
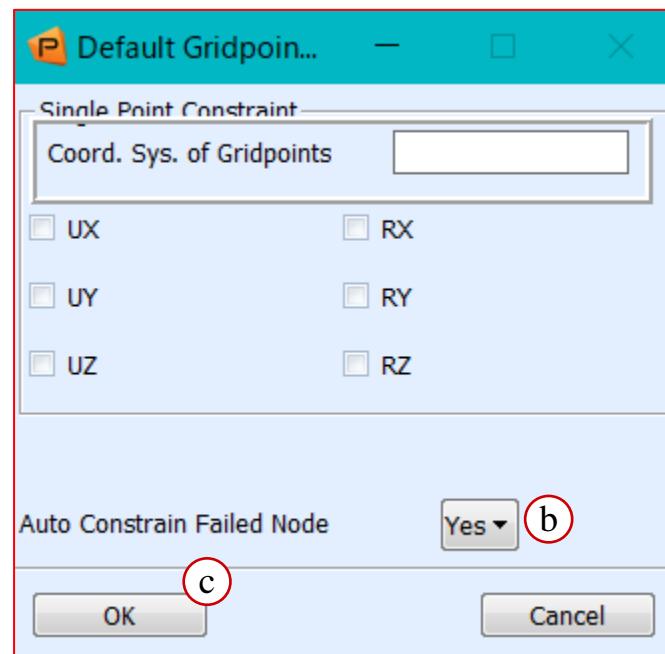
- a. Click **Eulerian Parameters**.
- b. Set *Roe Solver Scheme* to **Active**.
- c. Set both *Spatial Accuracy* and *Time-integration Scheme* to **2nd Order**.
- d. Click **OK**.
- e. Click **Execution Control Parameters**.
- f. Enter **0.01** for *End Time*.
- g. Enter **1e-7** for *Time-Step Size at Start*.
- h. Click **OK**.



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Enable automatic constraints for failed nodes.

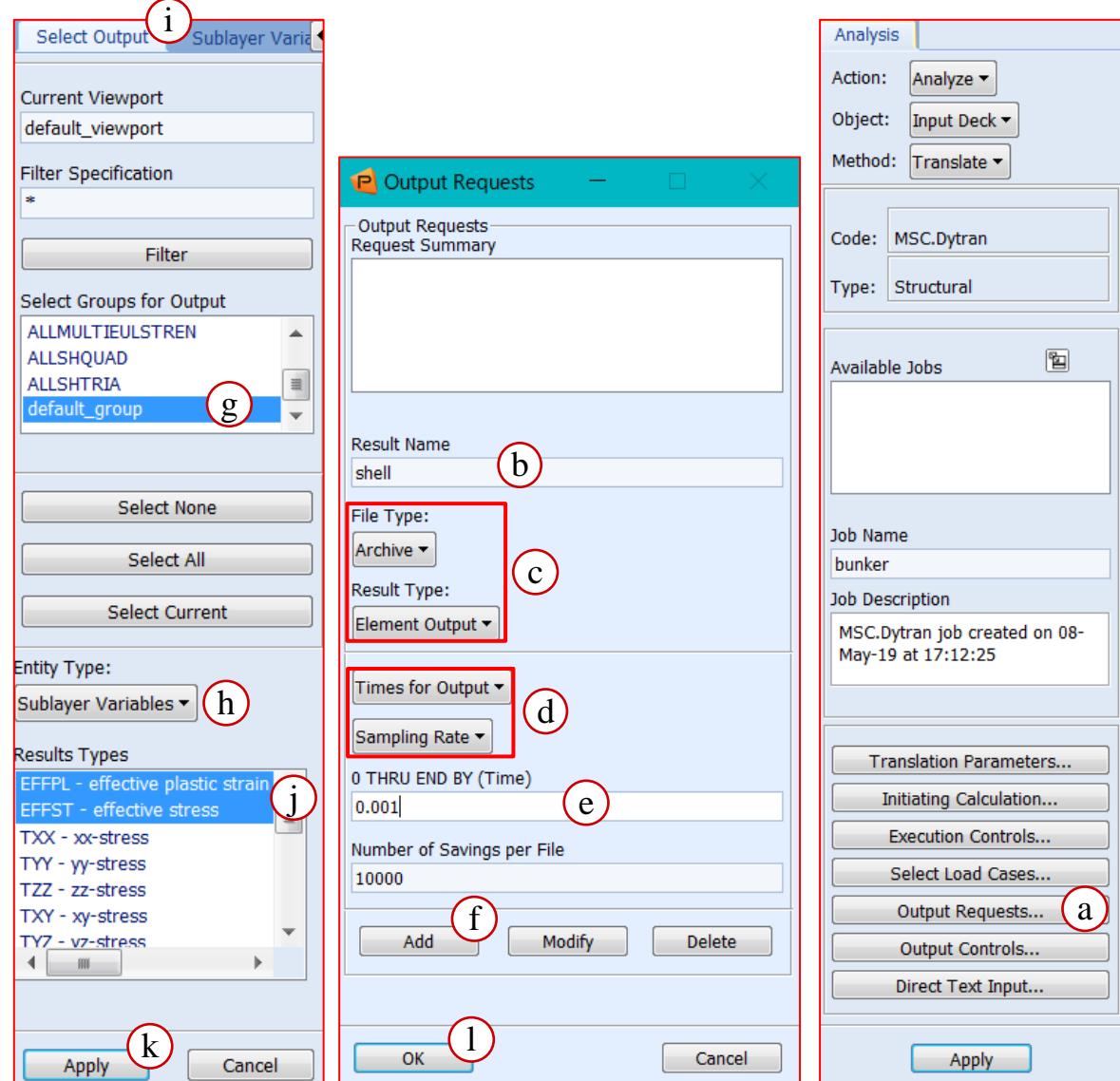
- a. Click **Default Gridpoint Constraints**.
- b. Set *Auto Constrain Failed Node* to **Yes**.
- c. Click **OK**.
- d. Click **OK**.



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Set the output requests for shell elements.

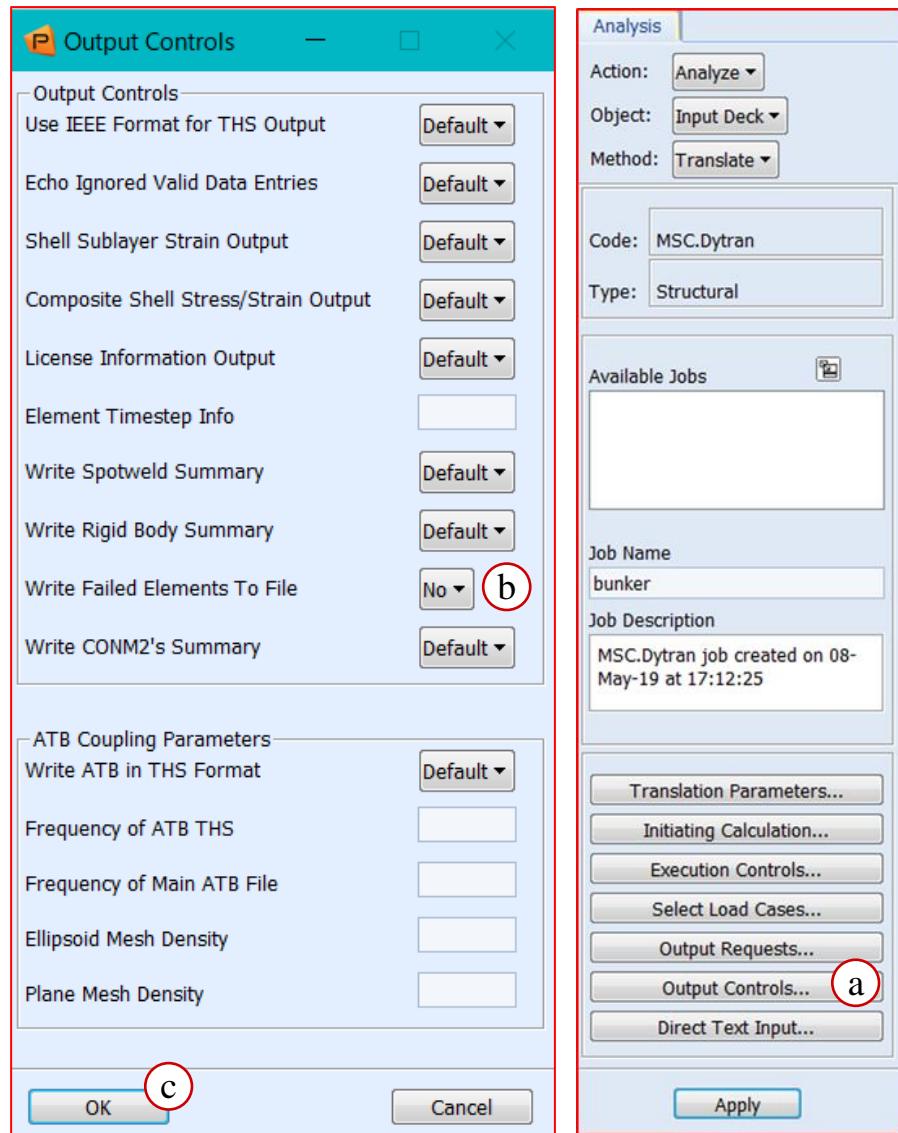
- a. Click **Output Requests**.
- b. Enter the *Result Name shell*.
- c. Set *File Type* to **Archive** and *Result Type* to **Element Output**.
- d. Set to **Times for Output** and **Sampling Rate**.
- e. Enter **0.001** for *0 THRU END BY (Time)*.
- f. Click **Add**.
- g. Select the **default_group**.
- h. Select **Sublayer Variables**.
- i. Click **Select Output** to return to the Select Output tab.
- j. Select **EFFPL** and **EFFST**.
- k. Click **Apply**.
- l. Click **OK**.



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Failed elements are not be written to the archives.

- Click **Output Controls**.
- Set *Write Failed Elements to File* to **No**.
- Click **OK**.



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Enter the output request for euler elements:

- Click Direct Text Input.
- Select File Management Section.
- Enter as shown:

TYPE (AIR) = ARCHIVE

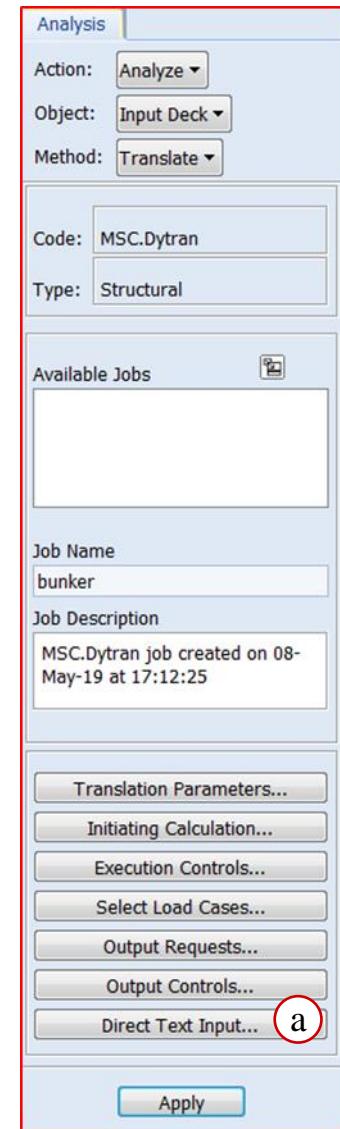
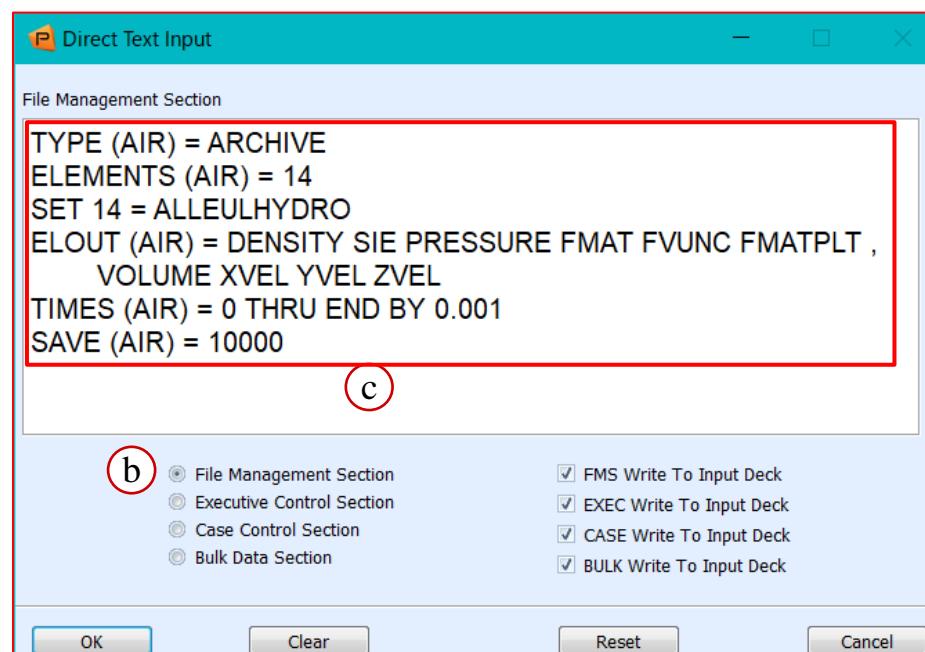
ELEMENTS (AIR) = 14

SET 14 = ALLEULHYDRO

ELOUT (AIR) = DENSITY SIE PRESSURE FMAT FVUNC FMATPLT ,
VOLUME XVEL YVEL ZVEL

TIMES (AIR) = 0 THRU END BY 0.001

SAVE (AIR) = 10000



Step 21. Set Up the Analysis (Cont.)

Enter the porosity for the sides of the bunker and FLOWDEF. The sides are fully porous.

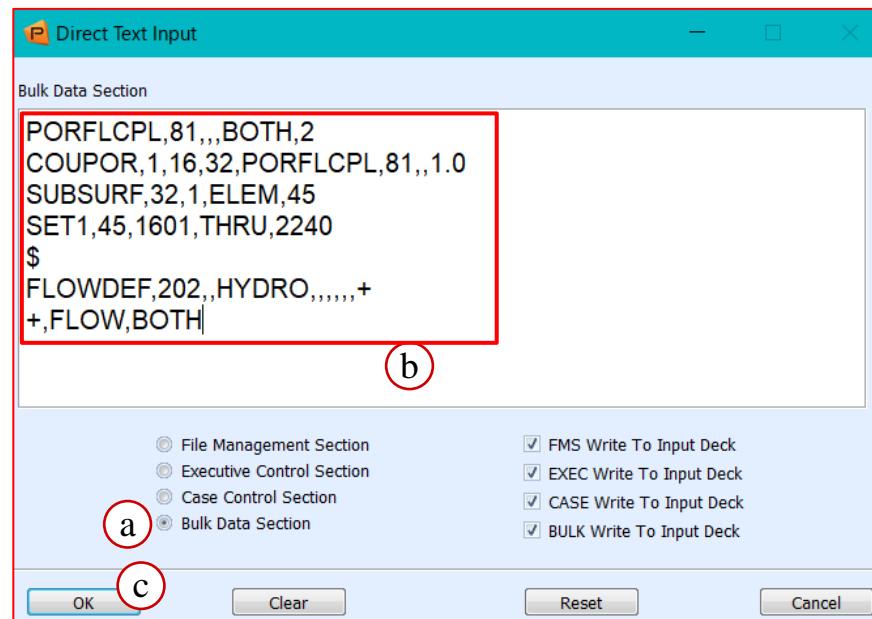
a. Select Bulk Data Selection.

b. Enter as shown:

```
PORFLCPL,81,,,BOTH,2  
COUPOR,1,16,32,PORFLCPL,81,,1.0  
SUBSURF,32,1,ELEM,45  
SET1,45,1601,THRU,2240  
$  
FLOWDEF,202,,HYDRO,,,,,,+  
+,FLOW,BOTH
```

c. Click OK.

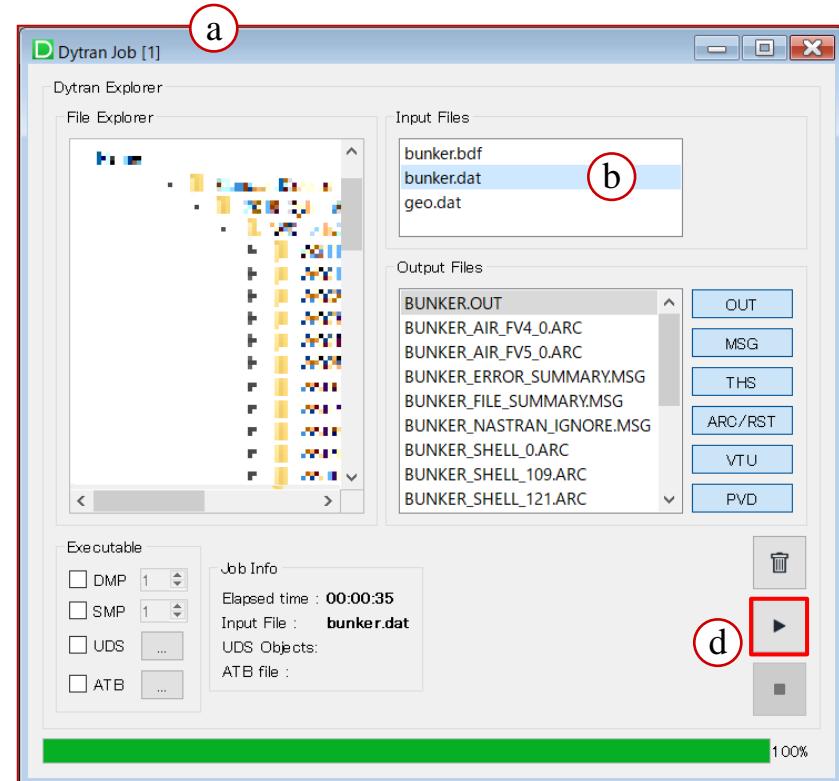
d. Click Apply.



Step 22. Dytran Analysis

Open Dytran Explorer, modify the .dat file and execute the job.

- Open Dytran Explorer.
- Browse to your working directory and double-click on **bunker.dat**. This will open bunker.dat in a text editor.
- Add a value of **16** to the *PORID* field in the *Couple1: interact* entry. Save and close **bunker.dat**.
- Click Play to run the analysis.



```
$ ----- Couple1: interact
$ 
COUPLE      1      1 OUTSIDE    ON     ON
+
+
        4           1
```

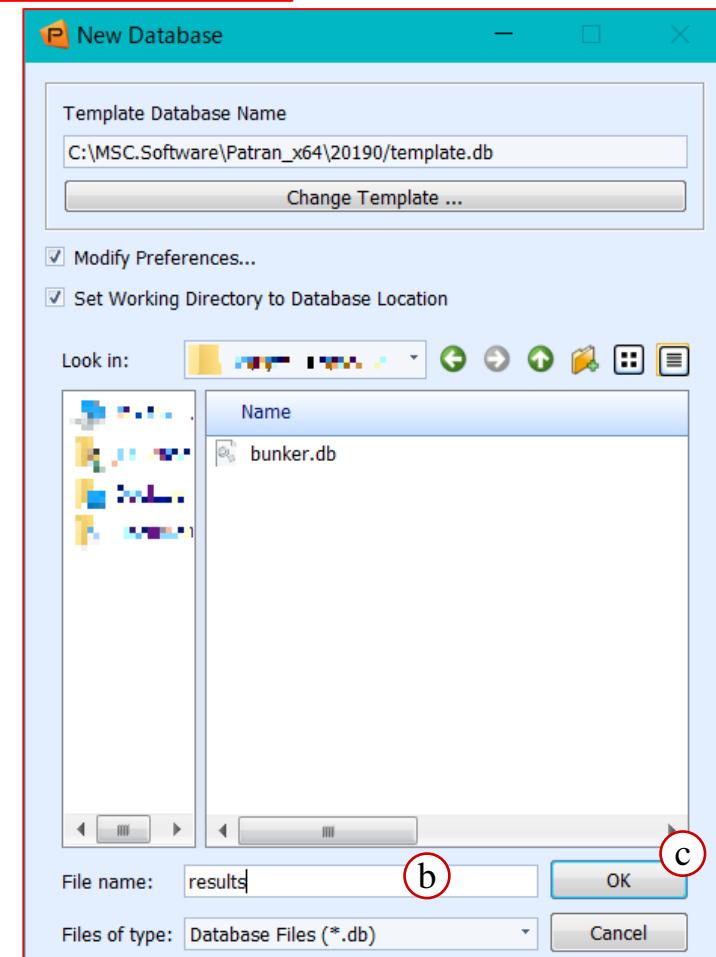
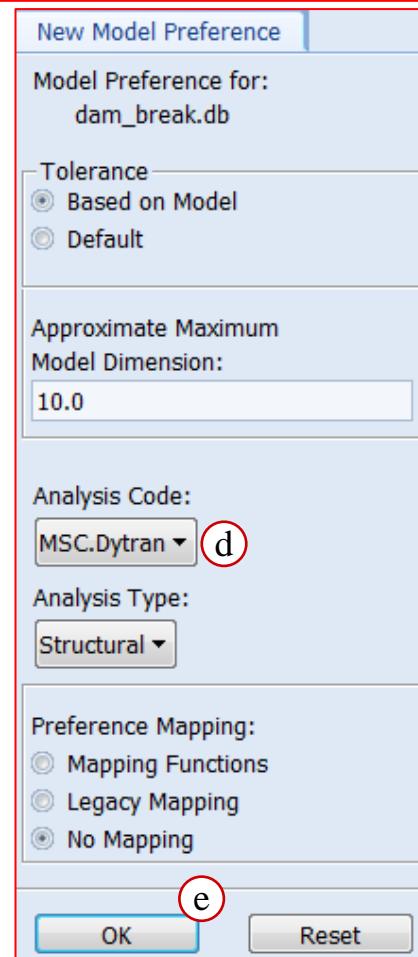
```
$ ----- Couple1: interact
$ 
COUPLE      1      1 OUTSIDE    ON     ON
+
+
        4           1
```

Step 23. Post-Processing in Patran



Create a new database to import the results into.

- Under the *Home* tab, click **New** in the *Default* group.
- Enter the *File name* **results**.
- Click **OK**.
- Select **MSC.Dytran** for *Analysis Code*.
- Click **OK**.

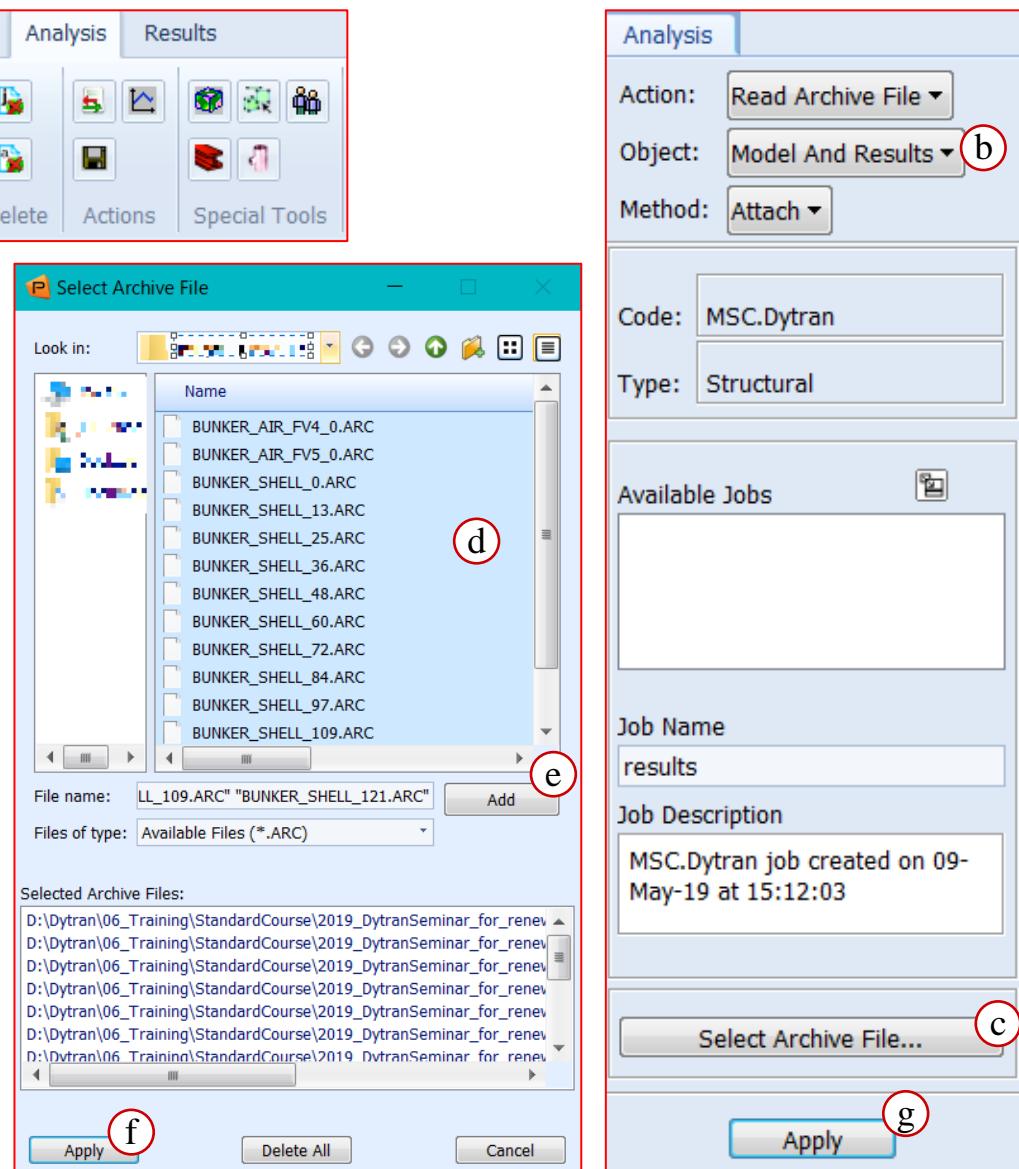


Step 23. Post-Processing in Patran (Cont.)



Import the model and the archive files into Patran.

- a. Under the **Analysis** tab, click **Archive File** in the **Access Results** group.
- b. Set **Object** to **Model and Results**.
- c. Click **Select Archive File**.
- d. Select all the .ARC files.
- e. Click **Add**.
- f. Click **Apply**.
- g. Click **Apply**.



Step 23. Post-Processing in Patran (Cont.)

a. Click **Post** under Group menu.

b. Select **BUNKER_SHELL_*** in the tree of the Group.

c. Click **Apply**. Then Click **OK** in the dialogue for *Current Group Selection*.

d. Under the *Results* tab, click **Fringe/Deformation** on the Quick Plot.

e. Select last result case in the **Select Result Cases**.

f. Select **EFFST** in the **Select Fringe Result**.

g. Select **Displacement** in the **Select Deformation Result**.

h. Click **Apply**.

i. Click **Iso 2 View**.

j. Click **Fit view**.